

Antibacterial Properties of PEKK for Orthopedic Applications [Corrigendum]

Wang M, Bhardwaj G, Webster TJ. *Int J Nanomedicine*. 2017;12:6471–6476.

The authors have advised Figure 7 on page 6475 is incorrect. The authors inadvertently included a duplicate image

for the live/dead *Staphylococcus epidermidis* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* PEEK samples shown in Figures 6 and 7, respectively. The correct Figure 7 is as follows.

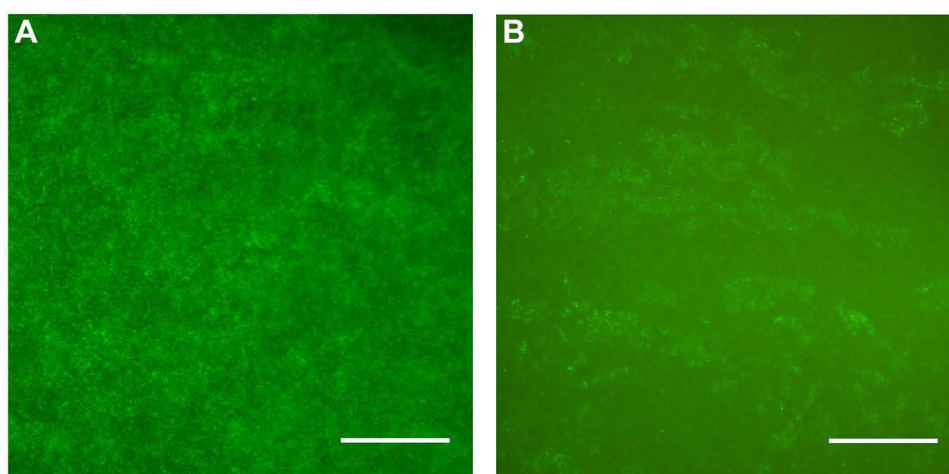


Figure 7 Live/dead assay of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* attached on (A) PEEK and (B) PEKK samples (SYTO® 9 and propidium iodide respectively stained live [green] and dead [red] bacteria cells).

Notes: No red stained bacteria observed in these images. Scale bars =50 microns.

Abbreviations: PEEK, poly-ether-ether-ketone; PEKK, poly-ether-ketone-ketone.

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