Bone-anchored annular closure following lumbar discectomy reduces risk of complications and reoperations within 90 days of discharge [Corrigendum]

Klassen PD, Bernstein DT, Köhler HP, et al. Bone-anchored annular closure following lumbar discectomy reduces risk of complications and reoperations within 90 days of discharge. *Journal of Pain Research*. 2017;10:2047–2055.

The authors advise that the word “Hypesthesia” in Table 2 on page 2051 should read “Nerve root injury resulting in hypesthesia”

Table 2 has been edited accordingly and is provided below. Aside from this clarification, all data in the original paper remain correct as reported.

Table 2 Listing of device- or procedure-related serious adverse events through 90 days following hospital discharge

Characteristic	Annular closure (N=272)	Control (N=278)
Patients reporting at least one SAE	12 (4.4%)*	26 (9.4%)**
Index-level herniation	6	19
Wound complication	2	6
Epidural hematoma	0	2
Anchor/mesh dislocation	2	0
Back/leg pain	2	0
Coronary heart disease	0	1
Dural tear	0	1
Nerve root injury resulting in hypesthesia	1	0

Notes: *13 events in 12 patients, **29 events in 26 patients.

Abbreviation: SAE, serious adverse event.

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