Treatment of a traumatic atrophic depressed scar with hyaluronic acid fillers: a case report

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Background: Hyaluronic acid filler has been documented in the treatment of atrophic depressed acne scars relatively frequently in the literature but rarely in chronic depressed traumatic atrophic facial scars.

Methods: This case report discusses the use of hyaluronic acid fillers in the correction of a post-traumatic facial atrophic scar on the right cheek.

Results: The right cheek scar was substantially corrected with one session of two different hyaluronic acids injected in a deep and superficial plane.

Conclusion: Relatively accurate, simple and effective correction of this atrophic traumatic scar may suggest that fillers are a suitable alternative to surgery for such scars.

Keywords: scarring, scar correction, filler, hyaluronic acid, facial scar

Introduction
Treating atrophic depressed scars with hyaluronic acid biodegradable dermal fillers has been shown to yield satisfactory results with high patient satisfaction and minimum risks but the literature predominantly confines the nonesthetic utilization of hyaluronic acid fillers to depressed acne scars.1-3 There have been a few cases reported in the literature where steroid-induced atrophic scars have been successfully treated with hyaluronic acid fillers;4,5 however, there is only a single case reported, where a depressed non-acne scar on patient’s forearm was successfully treated with hyaluronic acid filler.6

We present here an additional case of a chronic post-traumatic scar treated purely with hyaluronic acid without the use of subcision or other surgical procedure.

Case report
A 42-year-old female presented with a traumatic depressed scar of ~8×1 cm over the right cheek, extending from the lower eyelid to the nasolabial fold (Figure 1A). Historically, the scar originated 20 years prior to presentation as a result of a road traffic accident. This scar caused significant psychological distress to the patient and resulted in her seeking multiple consultations with plastic surgeons for surgical reconstruction. The patient was not keen on surgical scar revision and sought an alternative to this approach. After counseling and discussion about the likely outcome with dermal fillers, the patient decided to undertake correction with dermal fillers.

Optimal correction was achieved by injecting a total of 2.0 mL hyaluronic acid filler with a flexible 24G blunt cannula. One milliliter of Juvederm Voluma XC (Allergan Inc Irvine Cal) was injected deeply into the scar tissue and 1.0 mL Juvederm Ultra XC (Allergan Inc, Irvine Cal) was injected more superficially into wrinkled atrophic scar
Hyaluronic acid, in particular, is well positioned to treat this condition. As well as its reversibility,14 accuracy of attainable correction and variable products with different lifting and spreading abilities, it is a relatively atraumatic and easily understandable procedure to the patient.

The end result, behavior and the clinical outcome of hyaluronic acid filler depend on parameters of the filler such as gel hardness ($G'$) that determines the stiffness of gel, the concentration of hyaluronic acid that establishes its stability and durability, particle size and degree of crosslinking.15

This case demonstrates the use of two types of crosslinked hyaluronic acid, taking advantage of the slightly different characteristics to allow an accurate two-layer correction of this difficult scar.

Specifically, the deep underpinning layer was placed with Juvederm Voluma XC, a biodegradable hyaluronic acid dermal filler. This is a mixture of low- and high-molecular weight hyaluronic acid at a concentration of 20 mg/mL containing 0.3% lidocaine. It has proven efficacy and longevity of 24 months.16 In this case, the 27-gauge needle supplied in the pack was not used but instead the hyaluronic acid positioned using a flexible blunt 24-gauge cannula.

Juvederm Ultra XC has an extended longevity of 12 months17 and may achieve longer durations with repeated injection18 and is more a filler when more superficial placement and support is required. This was used in a more superficial level here to maximize accuracy of correction of the scar with the 30-gauge needle incorporated in the Juvederm Ultra XC package.

Although major utilization of hyaluronic acid fillers has been in filling of lines, fighting the effects of aging, face sculpting and volumization,19–21 this case further strengthens the additional benefits of hyaluronic acid fillers in treatment of traumatic atrophic scars with no major short-term or late complications. Utilizing the different gel characteristics injected at different levels of skin, deep to superficial resulted in restoration of a natural facial shape with much improved esthetic results in this patient. Juvederm Voluma XC is recommended for deep subcutaneous injections and Juvederm Ultra XC for more superficial planes.16

Conclusion
Atrophic depressed facial scars can be effectively treated with hyaluronic acid fillers with esthetically satisfactory clinical outcome with a low risk or complications. This case reports that appropriate selection of hyaluronic acid fillers with varying characteristics is a feasible option for the treatment of traumatic atrophic depressed scars.
Disclosure
Greg Goodman has served as an investigator, advisory board member and consultant for Allergan Inc. The authors report no other conflicts of interest in this work.

References