Appendix 1: Metro South Prescribe: Antibiotic Guidelines for Community Acquired Pneumonia (Retrieved on 1 Feb 2020)

Mild CAP
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If patient has a penicillin hypersensitivity or an atypical organism is suspected, use:           Image: Doxycycline         100 mg orally, 12-hourly           OR
Roxithromycin 300 mg orally, once daily.
<ul> <li>PRACTICE POINTS</li> <li>If the patient is not improving by 48 hours, or if clinical review within 48 hours is not possible, consider using dual therapy with amoxicillin plus either doxycycline or roxithromycin. For most patients, a total of 5-7 days therapy is appropriate.</li> </ul>
Moderate CAP
Image: Second system       1.2 g intravenously, every 6 hours followed by manoxicillin amoxicillin 1 g orally, 8-hourly         AND EITHER
OR
Roxithromycin 300 mg orally, once daily
For patients with non-immediate penicillin hypersensitivity, substitute benzylpenicillin with:
Ceftriaxone 1 g intravenously, once daily followed by cefuroxime 500 mg orally, 12-hourly
For patients with immediate penicillin hypersensitivity, use as a single agent: Moxifioxacin 400 mg orally, once daily
<ul> <li>Switch from IV to oral therapy as soon as patients have clinically improved.</li> <li>If <i>Legionella</i> pneumonia is strongly suspected or confirmed, discuss with Infectious Diseases.</li> </ul>

• For most patients, a total of 5-7 days therapy is appropriate.

Severe CAP
Image: Senzylpenicillin       1.2 g intravenously, 4-hourly
AND Gentamicin intravenously – see Gentamicin dosing, administration and monitoring.
AND Azithromycin 500 mg intravenously, once daily for up to 3 days
For patients with non-immediate penicillin hypersensitivity, substitute penicillin AND gentamicin with:         Ceftriaxone       2 g intravenously, once daily (gentamicin is not required) followed by cefuroxime 500 mg orally, 12-hourly
AND
Azithromycin 500 mg intravenously, once daily for up to 3 days
For patients with immediate penicillin hypersensitivity, use as a single agent:
Moxifloxacin 400 mg intravenously / orally, once daily
<ul> <li>Gram-negative sepsis can masquerade as severe community-acquired pneumonia, therefore gentamicin is included as empiric therapy in the above regimen. Gentamicin can be ceased when gram-negative sepsis is excluded.</li> <li>If <i>Legionella</i> pneumonia is strongly suspected or confirmed, discuss with Infectious Diseases.</li> </ul>

**Note:** Retrieved from MSH Medicines Management Committee. MSHPrescribe. Brisbane: Metro South Health; 2020.<sup>14</sup>