Appendix A

Staying in touch with us is important. Please ensure that we have your up-to-date contact information at all times. To provide an up date please call 1-944-310-0898. Did you know that I have a website full of recipes and health tips? If you have internet access, if a easy to find - just drop by at www.MyMoxis.ca/resources. No log-in required







You can whistle while you work or just to pass the time. But did you know some people can whistle to communicate? In the remote village of La Gomera, in the Canary Islands, speakers use the shrill tenes of the whistle to communicate across miles and miles of farmland.

This remarkable language, known as Sylbo, developed because residents needed to communicate quickly without the use of technology, particularly when Spanish colonizers forced locals into labor. Residents would whistle loudly to warn of trucks attempting to gather workers for dangerous jobs. Sylbo became a language of resistance for the community and remains part of the fabric of their culture.

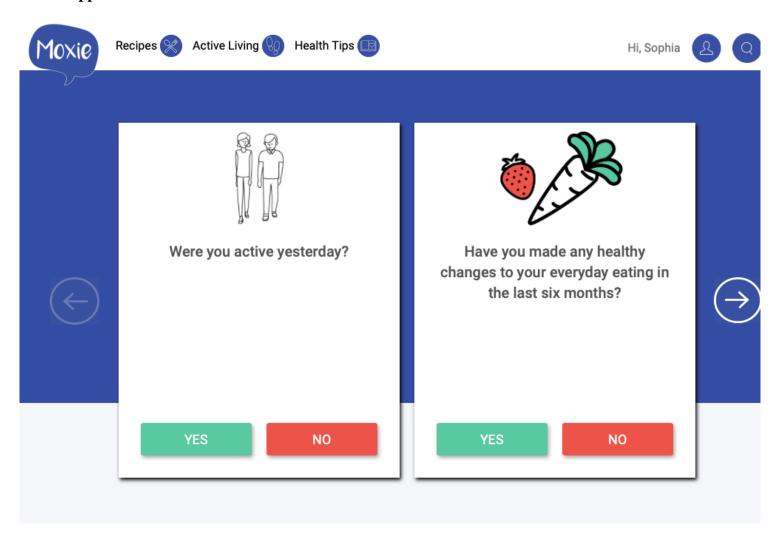
You'd think that it would be hard to make out words from whistling, but it's become second nature for these folks. The sounds are almost the same as birds chirping, and when more than one person is speaking, picking up distinctions can be even more confusing. However, the sheer range of a simple whistle is not what makes this language so miraculous. Speakers of Sylbo can make sounds that can travel as far as two miles! They use high pitches paired with quick and slow breath speeds to form complex sentences.

Sylbo speakers regard the language as a huge part of their heritage but fear its potential demise. Like most languages, Sylbo will change and evolve, but some are worried it will become completely obsolete if they don't continue to use it. Emerging technologies, like mobile phones, have made their way into everyday life for some people in La Gomera, making Sylbo less of a day-to-day necessity.

Thankfully, there are elders in the community working to make sure Sylbo is here to stay. In order to keep this tradition and language alive, children learn it in school while they also learn Spanish, their other native tongue. Children are taught from a young age to master the perfect technique with the right pitch and volume.

Like Sylbo speakers, you have learned over the years how to adapt and change in response to your body's needs. Quitting smoking is not easy, but it's necessary to improve your health and quality of life, and it requires the same kind of creativity and dedication that creating a new language does. And remember, I'm here to be your helping hand throughout your journey, and there's nothing better than seeing your progress. Keep up the good work!

Appendix B



Appendix C

The ACCESS Study (REB13-1241)

List of Medications you will receive free of charge (without copayment)

Antiarrhythmics

Disopyramide (Rythmodan)
Procainamide (Procan)
Mexilentine (Mexilentine)
Flecainide (Tambocor)
Propafenone (Propafenone/Rythmol)
Amiodarone (Amiodarone/Cordarone)
Digoxin (Toloxin)

Nitrates and Nitrites

Isosorbide Dinitrate (*Cedocard-SR*) Isosorbide-5-Mononitrate (*Imdur*) Nitroglycerin (*Nitrostat/Nitro/Nitrolingual/Nitro-dur/Trinipatch/Minitran/Nitrol*)

Statins

Atorvastatin (Lipitor)
Rosuvastatin (Crestor)
Simvastatin (Zocor)
Pravastatin (Pravachol)
Fluvastatin (Lescol)
Lovastatin (Mevacor)

Non-statin Cholesterol Lowering Drugs

Cholestyramine (Olestyr)
Colesevelam (Lodalis)
Colestipol (Colestid)
Bezafibrate (Bezalip)
Fenofibrate (Feno-micro/Feno-Super/Lipidil Supra)
Gemfibrozil (Lopid)
Ezetimibe (Ezetrol)
Evolulocumab (Repatha)

Beta Blockers

Acebutalol (Sectral)
Atenolol (Tenormin/Tenoretic/Atenidone/
Atenolthalidone)
Bisoprolol (Zebeta)
Carvedilol (Coreg, Coreg CR)

Labetalol (Trandate) Metoprolol (Lopresor) Propranolol (Inderal) Sotalol (Betapace) Nadolol (Nadol)

ACE-inhibitors

Benazepril (Lotensin)
Cilazepril (Inhibace/Inhibace Plus)
Enalapril (Vasotec/ Vaseretic)
Perindopril (Coversyl/Coversyl Plus)
Captopril (Capoten)
Fosinopril (Monopril)
Lisinopril (Zestril/Prinivil/Zestoretic)
Ramipril (Altace)
Quinapril (Accupril/Accuretic)
Trandolapril (Mavik)

Angiotensin Receptor Blockers

Candesartan (Atacand/Atacand Plus)
Eprosartan (Teveten/Teveten Plus)
Irbesartan (Avapro / Avalide)
Losartan (Cozaar / Hyzaar)
Telmisartan (Micardis/Twynsta/ Micardis Plus)
Valsartan (Diovan)
Olmesartan (Olmetec/Olmetec Plus)
Entresto (Sacubitril/Valsartan)

Calcium Channel Blockers

Nifedipine (Adalat XL)
Amlodipine (Norvasc)
Felodipine (Plendil)
Diltiazem (Diltiaz/Cardizem / Tiazac)
Verapamil (Verap/Isoptin SR)

Diuretics

Hydrochlorothiazide (Hydrazide/Hydro) Furosemide (Lasix) Spironolactone (Aldactone / Aldactazide) Indapamide (Lozide) Metolazone (Zaroxolyn)
Chlorthalidone (Thalitone)
Amiloride (Midamor/ Novamilor /Amilizide)
Triamterene (Triazide)
Ethacrynic Acid (Edecrin)

Anti-platelet Agents

Clopidogrel (*Plavix*)
ASA-*Dipyridamole* (*Aggrenox*)
Ticagrelor (*Brilinta*)*

Anti-diabetes Medications

Metformin (Glucophage) Glipizide (Glucotrol) Gliclazide (Diamicron) Glyburide (Diabeta) Glibenclamide (Euglucon) Acarbose (Glucobay) Repaglinide (Gluconorm) Linagliptin (Trajenta/Jentadueto)* Saxagliptin (Onglyza)* Sitagliptin (Januvia/Janumet)* Pioglitazone (Actos) Rosiglitazone (Avandia/Avandamet) Dapagliflozin (Forxiga)* Empagliflozin (Jardiance)* Canagliflozin (Invokana)* Linagliptin/Metformin HCL (Jentadueto)* Sitagliptin / Metformin HCL (Janumet)* Komboglyza*

Other Blood Pressure Medications

Clonidone (Catapres/Clonidine) Methyldopa (Aldomet) Hydralazine (Apresoline) Minoxidil (Loniten) Doxazosin (Cardura) Prazosin (Prazo) Terazosin (Hytrin)

Anticoagulants

Warfarin (Coumadin)
Rivaroxaban (Xarelto)*
Dabigatran (Pradaxa)*
Apixaban (Eliquis)*
Dalteparin (Fragmin)
Tinzaparin (Innohep)
Enoxaparin (Lovenox)
Heparin (Heparin Leo)
Nadroparin (Fraxiparine)
Fondaparinux (Arixtra)
Danaparoid (Orgaran)

Insulin

Insulin Aspart (Novorapid)
Insulin Detemir (Levemir)
Insulin Glargine (Lantus)
Insulin Glulisine (Apidra)
Insulin R (Novolin/Humulin)
Insulin Lispro (Humalog)
Insulin Humulin 30/70
Insulin Humulin N
Insulin Humulin R
Insulin Novolin NPH
Insulin Novolin Toronto
Insulin Novolin Mix (30/70, 40/60, 50/50)

Smoking Cessation Aids

Varenicline (Champix

Appendix D

Hi there.

Moxie here, thanks so much for taking the time to tell me about your experience with MOXIE so far. It's been a great journey and we want to keep making our messages relevant and important for you. In this one-time survey, we would really appreciate your thoughts and comments to help us improve.

Thanks again, MOXIE 1. What do you like about Moxie? 2. How helpful do you find the info you receive through Moxie? (*Pick one*) Very helpful Helpful Not particularly helpful Not helpful 3. What kind of messages & materials from Moxie do you find the most helpful? (Check all that apply) Mailer stories **Email messages** MyMoxie.ca flip cards MyMoxie.ca articles Special gifts Recipes Pedometer П П Other, specify: 4. How do you find the information from Moxie? (*Pick one*) Sometimes difficult to understand, ideas need more explanation and/or writing doesn't make sense Easy to understand, and I have no problem understanding the concepts П Too simple, please give me more in-depth information \Box 5. How often do you use MyMoxie.ca, Moxie mailers or Moxie emails as a resource? Weekly Monthly Less than Never Daily Monthly Mailers Mymoxie.ca П П Moxie emails \Box П 6. What would you change about Moxie? (Check all that apply) ☐ More frequent contact ☐ Less frequent contact ☐ Different style of messages, such □ New material, such as: as: ☐ Keep it the same □ Anything else?

7.	Did you take the letters you received at the beginning of the study to your doctor and / or pharmacist? (Pick one)								
			took them took them	to my doctor to my pharmacist — to both them to either <i>(see</i>	below)			se answer s 8, 9 and 10	
	If you didn't take the letters to your doctor and/or pharmacist, please tell me why:								
	8. H	low do	you feel ab	out the letters you re	ceived at the	beginning of the	study? (Check all	that apply)	
	 □ They were helpful in starting a discussion about my started on a new medication that I medications □ They were helpful in getting me started on a new medication that I wasn't previously taking □ They were not particularly helpful (see below) 						: I		
		Ple	ease specif	y why the letters we	ere not partic	cularly helpful:			
	9. What do you think your doctor or pharmacist thought of the messages in these letters? Very Somewhat Not Dismissive/ Upset							Upset	
					didn't bother to read it				
			nily doctor rmacist						
40					I W 0				
10	10. Has Moxie changed your perspective on your health? Please answer questions 11 and 12								
	11. How has Moxie changed your perspective on your health? (Check all that apply)								
		☐ I have better strategies manage my medication			_	im (d	eel like my relationship has approved with my medical team octor, specialist, nurses, narmacist etc.)		
,		☐ I feel like my communication has improved with my medical team			□ i≀ m	☐ I know more about how to adjust my diet to help manage my health condition(s)			
	☐ It helps me stay mo exercise				tivated to		I have better strategies to deal with stress		

The follow	ving questions onditions. We w	ould like to get your feedba	ive m	nedications that you have been receiving for your now this has impacted your life to date. We would
13. Since enre	olling in the AC t or medication	CESS Study 6 months ago,	how age	often have you had difficulty paying for services, your chronic condition? (Including items such as medications.) (Pick one)
	Always Often Sometimes Rarely Never Don't know		•	Please answer questions 14 and 15
	have a control have a			vices, equipment, or medication did you cost? (Check all that apply) Laboratory tests or other diagnostic tests Mobility equipment (eg. Wheelchairs, walkers, etc.) Therapy services such as rehab services, including physiotherapy
	st 6 months, host? (Pick one Always Often Sometimes Rarely Never)	the s	services, equipment or medications you needed

16. We would like to know how much money you spend on your medications. (Depending on how often you refill your medications, it may be easier for you to estimate this on a monthly basis or every 3 months.

Before enrolling ACCESS trial ago)		Currently – with ACCESS Study free preventive medications.		How much do you think would be reasonable for you to spend on medications?	
\$	□ per month	\$	□ per month	\$	□ per month
	□ per 3 months		□ per 3 months		□ per 3 months

17. How much of a difference have these savings made in your life? (Pick one)

this survey

	S	ajor improvementlight improvement naven't seen any savings from the ACCI	Please answer questions 18, 19, and 20		
		that apply) Used it on testing supplies Used it on my other medications that weren't covered Other, please specify:	Used it on healthier foods Used it on physical activities Don't know s for free helped in any other ways? (Check		
	- 🗆	Yes	☐ Allowed family median I don't has areas of ☐ Provided ☐ Don't known	I some "peace of mind"	
Please skip to question 20 on page 5 of					

☐ Yes, a great deal☐ Yes, but only a little☐ Not really☐ Not at all	Please answer questions 21 and 22
□ Not at an	21. If you answered yes, in what ways? (Check all that apply) I can afford to refill prescriptions on time I don't have to stretch prescriptions or take medication prescriptions or take medication less frequently I have been able to start a new medication I can afford to take some medications that were too expensive to even fill
,	oths ago, have you spent less on any of the following in nedical condition(s) (for instance, your prescription
medications)? (Check all that apply) Food	☐ Leisure or vacation ☐ Other healthcare expenses ☐ No – have not spent less on anything tation

20. Has receiving some of your medications for free helped you take your medications as prescribed?