Supplemental Table 1. Comparison of patients with and without previous optic neuritis at baseline.

|  | Patients without previous unilateral optic neuritis (average of both eye used for statistical analyses, $n=39$ ) | Patients with previous unilateral optic neuritis (only one eye used for statistical analyses, $n=21$ ) | $p$-value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Females ${ }^{1}$ | 25 (64.1) | 14 (71.4) | $0.565^{4}$ |
| Age at onset ${ }^{2}$ (years) | 34.0 (12.1) | 35.2 (13.4) | $0.726^{5}$ |
| Disease course |  |  |  |
| RMS ${ }^{1}$ | 33 (84.6) | 20 (95.2) | $0.222^{4}$ |
| SPMS ${ }^{1}$ | 6 (15.4) | 1 (4.8) |  |
| MS disease duration ${ }^{2}$ (years) | 5.9 (8.0) | 7.0 (9.1) | $0.630^{5}$ |
| ARR at baseline ${ }^{2}$ | 0.64 (0.79) | 0.71 (0.81) | $0.747^{5}$ |
| EDSS at baseline ${ }^{3}$ | 1.0 (0-6.0) | 1.0 (0-6.5) | $0.765^{6}$ |
| DMT at baseline |  |  |  |
| Any DMT ${ }^{1}$ | 25 (64.1) | 12 (60.0) | $0.758^{4}$ |
| Number of previous DMTs ${ }^{3}$ | 0 (0-3) | 0 (0-3) | $0.813^{6}$ |
| Interferon beta ${ }^{1}$ | 1 (2.6) | 1 (4.8) | $0.262^{4}$ |
| Glatiramer acetate ${ }^{1}$ | 5 (12.8) | 4 (19.1) |  |
| Dimethyl fumarate | 5 (12.8) | 2 (9.5) |  |
| Fingolimod ${ }^{1}$ | 8 (20.5) | 4 (19.1) |  |
| Alemtuzumab ${ }^{1}$ | 1 (2.6) | 0 (0) |  |
| antiCD20-Mabs ${ }^{1}$ | 5 (12.8) | 1 (4.8) |  |

Notes: ${ }^{1}$ absolute number (percentage). ${ }^{2}$ mean and standard deviation. ${ }^{3}$ median and range. ${ }^{4}$ chisquare test ${ }^{5}$ t-test. ${ }^{3}$ Mann-Whitney-U test.

Abbreviations: antiCD20-Mabs, anti-cluster-of-differentiation-20-monoclonal antibodies (ocrelizumab, rituximab, ofatumumab); ARR, annualized relapse rate; CEL, contrast-enhancing lesions; DMT, disease modifying treatment; EDSS, Expanded Disability Status Scale; MS, multiple sclerosis; RMS, relapsing MS; SPMS, secondary progressive MS.

Supplemental Figure 1. Risk of disability worsening according to GCIPL below or above $70 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ at baseline.

Notes: HR and 95\% confidence intervals calculated by multivariate Cox regression models adjusting for sex, age, disease course, disease duration, EDSS at baseline and DMT status.

Number of patients at risk: baseline: 60; year 1: 52; year 2: 33; year 3: 19; year 4: 13; year 5: 7.
Abbreviations: DMT, disease-modifying treatment; EDSS, expanded disability status scale; GCIPL, ganglion cell and inner plexiform layer; HR, hazard ratio.


