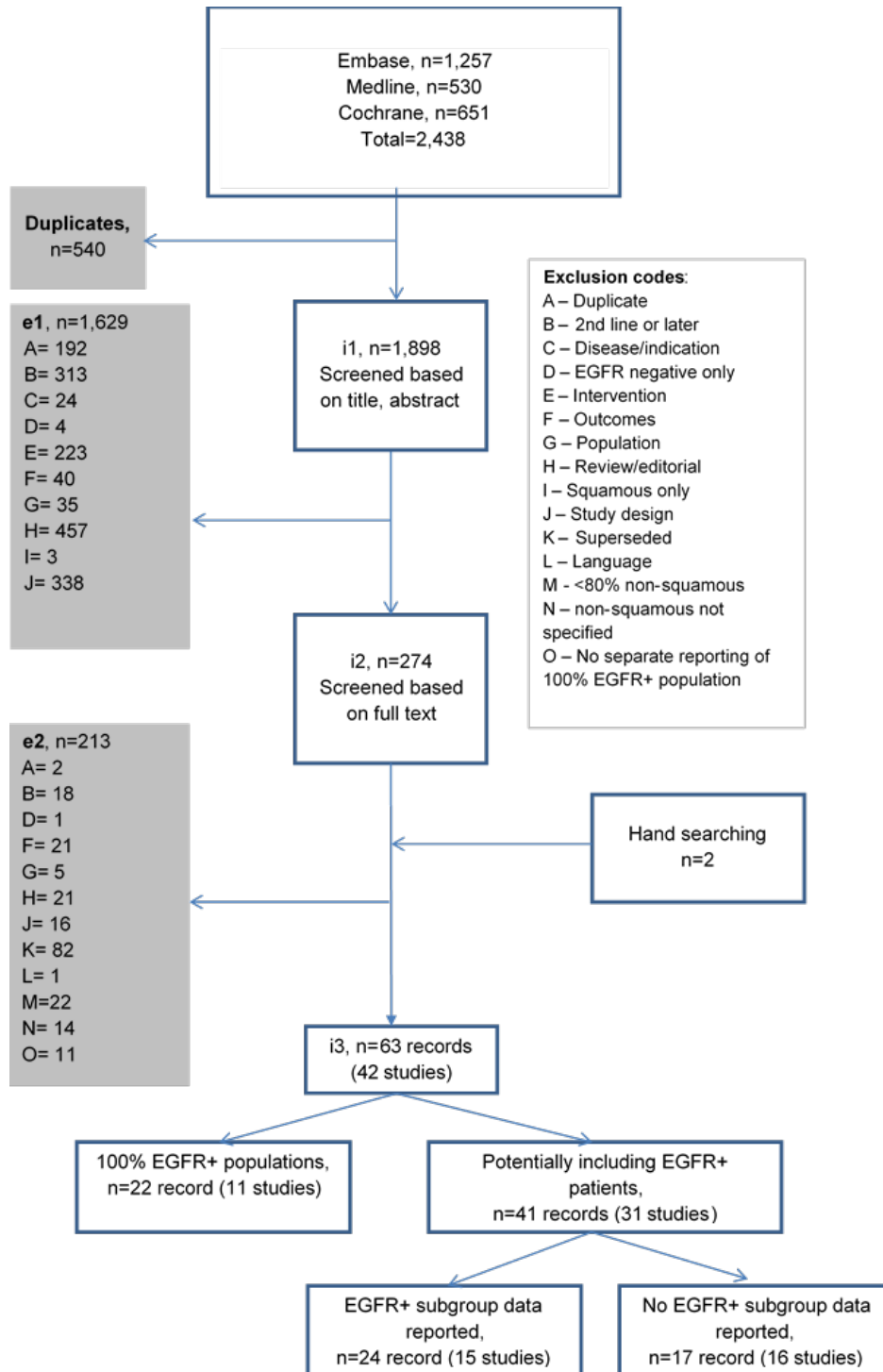


## Supplementary materials

Figure S1 PRISMA flow diagram



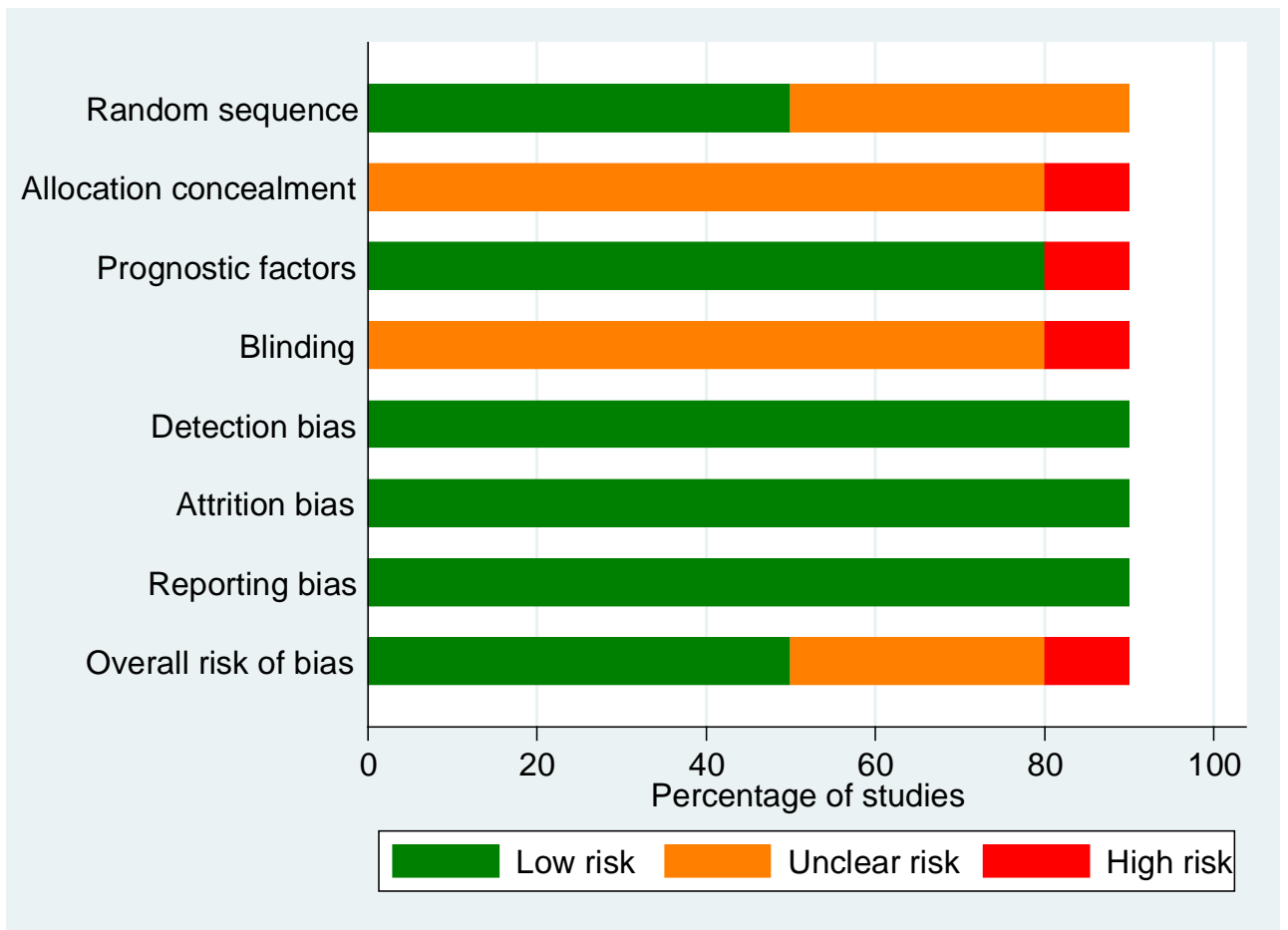
**Abbreviations:** EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor mutation; EGFR+, epidermal growth factor receptor mutation positive.

**Table S1** Eligibility criteria for study inclusion in the clinical SR

Criterion	Description
Population	<p>Treatment-naïve adults with locally advanced or metastatic (Stage IIIb or IV) non-squamous epidermal growth factor receptor mutation positive (EGFR+) NSCLC.</p> <p>Publications that do not explicitly state whether the enrolled patients have squamous or non-squamous histology were tagged and details of the citations provided to Roche. Studies where &gt;80% of enrolled patients present with non-squamous histology were eligible for inclusion.</p> <p>Where the study enrolled a mixed population with regard to stage of disease and the results for the metastatic NSCLC population were not reported separately, at least 80% of the enrolled patients had to present with locally advanced or metastatic disease to be eligible for inclusion.</p>
Interventions	<p>Restricted to TKIs only.</p> <p>Studies included at least one study arm examining the following treatments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Afatinib</li> <li>• Erlotinib</li> <li>• Gefitinib</li> <li>• Dacomitinib</li> </ul> <p>[No restriction on dose/treatment regimen and TKI may be administered as monotherapy or in combination with another agent(s)]</p>
Comparators	Included immunotherapy, targeted therapies and chemotherapy
Outcomes	<p>Efficacy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OS</li> <li>• PFS</li> <li>• TTP</li> <li>• Response rates (CR, PR and SD)</li> </ul> <p>Safety</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All-grade and grade 3/4 AEs</li> </ul> <p>Health-related quality of life (HRQoL)</p>
Study design	RCTs with no restriction on study design or phase.
Countries	No restriction
Language	English: English abstracts of foreign publications were considered
Date of publication	No restriction
Publication status	Published studies and unpublished data were considered

**Abbreviations:** AE, adverse event; CR, complete response; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor; EGFR+, epidermal growth factor receptor mutation positive; HRQoL, health-related quality of life; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; PR, partial response; RCT, randomized controlled trial; SR, systematic review; SD, stable disease; TKI, tyrosine kinase inhibitors; TTP, time to progression.

**Figure S2** Graphical representation of risk of bias assessment of studies included in NMA



**Table S2** Trial-level data reported for PFS and obtained by modeling pseudo-IPD using the PH and AFT models

Trial	Treatment	Published HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI) modeling IPD	1/AF HR (95% CI)
LUX-Lung 6 <sup>12,13,34</sup>	Afatinib	0.28 (0.20, 0.39)	0.27 (0.20, 0.37)	0.44 (0.38, 0.52)
	Chemotherapy	comparator	comparator	comparator
LUX-Lung 3 <sup>14,15,34</sup>	Afatinib	0.58 (0.43, 0.78)	0.58 (0.44, 0.78)	0.67 (0.54, 0.83)
	Chemotherapy	comparator	comparator	comparator
LUX-Lung 7 <sup>16</sup>	Afatinib	0.73 (0.57, 0.95)	0.73 (0.56, 0.94)	0.79 (0.66, 0.96)
	Gefitinib	comparator	comparator	comparator
EURTAC <sup>5</sup>	Erlotinib	0.37 (0.25, 0.54)	0.38 (0.26, 0.56)	0.49 (0.36, 0.65)
	Chemotherapy	comparator	comparator	comparator
ENSURE <sup>8</sup>	Erlotinib	0.42 (0.27, 0.66)	0.40 (0.26, 0.62)	0.59 (0.47, 0.75)
	Chemotherapy	comparator	comparator	comparator
OPTIMAL <sup>10,11,33</sup>	Erlotinib	0.16 (0.10, 0.26)	0.18 (0.12, 0.28)	0.36 (0.45, 0.29)
	Chemotherapy	comparator	comparator	comparator
JO25567 <sup>19</sup>	Erlotinib	comparator	comparator	comparator
	Erlotinib + bevacizumab	0.54 (0.36, 0.79)	0.54 (0.36, 0.80)	0.53 (0.38, 0.72)
WTJOG3405 <sup>7,31</sup>	Gefitinib	0.520 (0.378, 0.715)	0.49 (0.35, 0.66)	0.60 (0.47, 0.75)
	Chemotherapy	comparator	comparator	comparator
NEJ002 <sup>9,32</sup>	Gefitinib	0.322 (0.236, 0.438)	0.29 (0.22, 0.40)	0.46 (0.39, 0.54)
	Chemotherapy	comparator	comparator	comparator

**Abbreviations:** AF, acceleration factor; AFT, acceleration failure time; AIC, Akaike information criterion; BIC, Bayesian information criterion; CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio; IPD, individual patient data; PFS, progression-free survival; PH, proportional hazards.

**Table S3** Treatment comparisons for PFS: 1/AF (95% CrI), random-effect model

Treatment A	Treatment B					SUCRA
	Chemotherapy	Afatinib	Erlotinib	Erlotinib + bevacizumab	Gefitinib	
Chemotherapy		<b>1.99</b> <i>(1.27, 3.08)</i>	<b>2.15</b> <i>(1.40, 3.26)</i>	<b>4.06</b> <i>(1.70, 9.56)</i>	<b>1.81</b> <i>(1.15, 2.81)</i>	0.00
Afatinib	<b>0.50</b> <i>(0.33, 0.79)</i>		1.08 (0.59, 1.99)	2.04 (0.77, 5.39)	0.91 (0.55, 1.52)	0.50
Erlotinib	<b>0.47</b> <i>(0.31, 0.71)</i>	0.93 (0.50, 1.70)		1.89 (0.89, 4.01)	0.84 (0.46, 1.56)	0.75
Erlotinib + bevacizumab	<b>0.25</b> <i>(0.10, 0.59)</i>	0.49 (0.19, 1.29)	0.53 (0.25, 1.13)		0.44 (0.17, 1.18)	1.00
Gefitinib	<b>0.55</b> <i>(0.36, 0.87)</i>	1.10 (0.66, 1.83)	1.19 (0.64, 2.19)	2.25 (0.85, 5.93)		0.25

**Notes:** Results that do not include the null value are bold and italicized. Comparisons of row versus column.

**Abbreviations:** CrI, credible interval; HR, hazard ratio; PFS, progression-free survival; SUCRA, surface under cumulative ranking curve.

**Table S4** Treatment comparisons for PFS: HR (95% CrI), fixed-effect model

Treatment A	Treatment B					SUCRA
	Chemotherapy	Afatinib	Erlotinib	Erlotinib + bevacizumab	Gefitinib	
Chemotherapy		<b>2.65</b> <i>(2.20, 3.19)</i>	<b>3.26</b> <i>(2.54, 4.19)</i>	<b>6.05</b> <i>(3.79, 9.62)</i>	<b>2.21</b> <i>(1.84, 2.66)</i>	0.00
Afatinib	<b>0.38</b> <i>(0.31, 0.45)</i>		1.23 (0.90, 1.68)	<b>2.28</b> <i>(1.38, 3.76)</i>	0.83 (0.69, 1.01)	0.50
Erlotinib	<b>0.31</b> <i>(0.24, 0.39)</i>	0.81 (0.59, 1.11)		<b>1.85</b> <i>(1.25, 2.74)</i>	<b>0.68</b> <i>(0.50, 0.93)</i>	0.75
Erlotinib + bevacizumab	<b>0.17</b> <i>(0.10, 0.26)</i>	<b>0.44</b> <i>(0.27, 0.73)</i>	<b>0.54</b> <i>(0.36, 0.80)</i>		<b>0.37</b> <i>(0.22, 0.60)</i>	1.00
Gefitinib	<b>0.45</b> <i>(0.38, 0.54)</i>	1.20 (0.99, 1.46)	<b>1.48</b> <i>(1.08, 2.01)</i>	<b>2.73</b> <i>(1.66, 4.51)</i>		0.25

**Notes:** Results that do not include the null value are bold and italicized. Comparisons of row versus column.

**Abbreviations:** CrI, credible interval; HR, hazard ratio; PFS, progression-free survival; SUCRA, surface under cumulative ranking curve.

**Table S5** Treatment comparisons for PFS: 1/AF (95% CrI), fixed-effect model for individual chemotherapy regimens

Treatment A	Treatment B						SUCRA
	Cisplatin + gemcitabine	Afatinib	Erlotinib	Gefitinib	Cisplatin + docetaxel	Erlotinib + bevacizumab	
Cisplatin + gemcitabine		<b>2.20</b> <i>(1.88, 2.57)</i>	<b>1.79</b> <i>(1.46, 2.21)</i>	<b>1.68</b> <i>(1.35, 2.1)</i>	<b>0.95</b> <i>(0.74, 1.22)</i>	<b>3.39</b> <i>(2.34, 4.93)</i>	0.20
Afatinib	<b>0.45</b> <i>(0.39, 0.53)</i>		0.81 (0.64, 1.03)	<b>0.77</b> <i>(0.64, 0.91)</i>	<b>0.43</b> <i>(0.34, 0.55)</i>	<b>1.54</b> <i>(1.04, 2.28)</i>	0.80
Erlotinib	<b>0.56</b> <i>(0.45, 0.69)</i>	1.23 (0.97, 1.55)		0.94 (0.73, 1.21)	<b>0.53</b> <i>(0.42, 0.67)</i>	<b>1.89</b> <i>(1.39, 2.57)</i>	0.60
Gefitinib	<b>0.59</b> <i>(0.48, 0.74)</i>	<b>1.31</b> <i>(1.09, 1.56)</i>	1.06 (0.83, 1.37)		<b>0.56</b> <i>(0.46, 0.69)</i>	<b>2.01</b> <i>(1.35, 3.00)</i>	0.40
Cisplatin + docetaxel	<b>1.05</b> <i>(0.82, 1.36)</i>	<b>2.32</b> <i>(1.82, 2.96)</i>	<b>1.89</b> <i>(1.49, 2.41)</i>	<b>1.77</b> <i>(1.44, 2.19)</i>		<b>3.57</b> <i>(2.41, 5.29)</i>	0.00
Erlotinib + bevacizumab	<b>0.30</b> <i>(0.20, 0.43)</i>	<b>0.65</b> <i>(0.44, 0.96)</i>	<b>0.53</b> <i>(0.39, 0.72)</i>	<b>0.50</b> <i>(0.33, 0.74)</i>	<b>0.28</b> <i>(0.19, 0.41)</i>		1.00

**Notes:** Results that do not include the null value are bold and italicized. Comparisons of row versus column.

**Abbreviations:** AF, acceleration factor; CrI, credible interval; PFS, progression-free survival; SUCRA, surface under cumulative ranking curve.

**Table S6** Summary of the PFS NMA results and trial-level data (base case) for the treatment comparisons with trial-level data available

Trial	Treatment comparison	1/AF (95% CI)	FE NMA results based on AFs, 1/AF (95% CrI)	Trial quality assessment- overall risk of bias
LUX-Lung 6 <sup>12,13,34</sup>	Afatinib vs chemotherapy	0.44 (0.38, 0.52)	0.48 (0.43, 0.54)	Low
LUX-Lung 3 <sup>14,15,34</sup>	Afatinib vs chemotherapy	0.67 (0.54, 0.83)		Low
LUX-Lung 7 <sup>16</sup>	Afatinib vs chemotherapy	0.79 (0.66, 0.96)		Unclear
EURTAC <sup>5</sup>	Erlotinib vs chemotherapy	0.49 (0.36, 0.65)	0.46 (0.40, 0.53)	Low
ENSURE <sup>8</sup>	Erlotinib vs chemotherapy	0.59 (0.47, 0.75)		Unclear
OPTIMAL <sup>10,11,33</sup>	Erlotinib vs chemotherapy	0.36 (0.29, 0.45)		Low
WTJOG3405 <sup>7,31</sup>	Gefitinib vs chemotherapy	0.60 (0.47, 0.75)	0.53 (0.48, 0.60)	Unclear
NEJ002 <sup>9,32</sup>	Gefitinib vs chemotherapy	0.46 (0.39, 0.54)		Low
JO25567 <sup>19</sup>	Erlotinib + bevacizumab vs erlotinib	0.53 (0.38, 0.72)	0.53 (0.39, 0.72)	Low

**Abbreviations:** AF, acceleration factor; CI, confidence interval; CrI, credible interval; FE, fixed-effects; NMA, network meta-analysis.

**Table S7** Treatment comparisons of 1/AF (95% CrI) for PFS: fixed-effect model for Asian populations

Treatment A	Treatment B					SUCRA
	Chemotherapy	Afatinib	Erlotinib	Erlotinib + bevacizumab	Gefitinib	
Chemotherapy		<b>2.26</b> <i>(1.92, 2.67)</i>	<b>2.19</b> <i>(1.86, 2.58)</i>	<b>4.14</b> <i>(2.92, 5.87)</i>	<b>2.00</b> <i>(1.75, 2.30)</i>	0.75
Afatinib	<b>0.44</b> <i>(0.37, 0.52)</i>		0.97 (0.77, 1.22)	<b>1.83</b> <i>(1.24, 2.7)</i>	0.89 (0.71, 1.10)	0.50
Erlotinib	<b>0.46</b> <i>(0.39, 0.54)</i>	1.03 (0.82, 1.30)		<b>1.89</b> <i>(1.39, 2.57)</i>	0.91 (0.74, 1.13)	1.00
Erlotinib + bevacizumab	<b>0.24</b> <i>(0.17, 0.34)</i>	<b>0.55</b> <i>(0.37, 0.80)</i>	<b>0.53</b> <i>(0.39, 0.72)</i>		<b>0.48</b> <i>(0.33, 0.70)</i>	0.25
Gefitinib	<b>0.50</b> <i>(0.44, 0.57)</i>	1.13 (0.91, 1.40)	1.10 (0.89, 1.35)	<b>2.07</b> <i>(1.42, 3.01)</i>		0.75

**Notes:** Results that do not include the null value are bold and italicized. Comparisons of row versus column.

**Abbreviations:** AF, acceleration factor; CrI, credible interval; PFS, progression-free survival; SUCRA; surface under cumulative ranking curve.