

PCCa v. 1.0	1/10

Survey Instructions:

Please use a blue or black pen to complete this questionnaire.

To mark your answer, please fill in the bubbles completely, like this: \rightarrow O No \bullet Yes Most questions require you to choose one answer. Questions that allow multiple choices

will be marked [Mark all that apply.]

Screening is defined in this survey as using tests to find health problems before patients have symptoms.

Benefits are any possible good effects that might come from screening for and treating a disease once it is found.

Harms are any possible bad effects that might come from screening for and treating a disease once it is found.

Part A: Demographic Information

The questions in the first section will help us to better understand you and your responses.

Today's date is: / / / 2 0 1
1. What is your sex?
O male O female
2. Do you consider yourself to be Hispanic or Latino?
O yes O no
3. What do you consider to be your race? [Choose one.]
O American Indian or Alaskan Native
O Asian
O Black or African American
O Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
O White
O other → specify
Orefused
4. What is your age?

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Survey of Primary Care Clinicians' Cancer Screening Decisions and Practice

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5.	How long have you been in medical practice overall?	
6.	What is your degree?	years
	O Doctor of Medicine (MD)	
	O Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine (DO)	
	O Nurse Practitioner (NP)	
	O Physician Assistant (PA)	
	O other specify	
7.	What is your primary clinical role?	
	O clinician	
	O clinician-educator	
	O clinician-researcher	
	O other specify	
	3: Making Decisions About Screening How much influence does the U.S. Preventive Services screening recommendations?	Task Force (USPSTF) have on your
	O extremely influential	
	O very influential	
	O neither influential nor not influential	
	O not very influential	
	O not at all influential	
2.	Please say how much you agree or disagree with the for a do not see much harm in ordering screening tests even	
	O strongly agree	
	O somewhat agree	
	O neither agree nor disagree	
	O somewhat disagree	
	O strongly disagree	

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Part C: Prostate Cancer Screening With PSA

These questions are about screening for prostate cancer using prostate specific antigen (PSA) testing.

Patient #1: Mr. Morton is a white male with good cognitive status and no fatal disease. He has no family history of prostate cancer and no previous prostate findings or abnormal PSA tests. He had a normal PSA two years ago. His age is below.

Please complete the tables below. Fill in one bubble for each block based on patient age and patient screening request [total of 6 answers per table].

Do you discuss screening for prostate cancer using	If Mr. Morton's age is				
PSA for this patient?	Age 90	Age 70	Age 50		
a. if patient does not request screening	O yes	O yes	O yes		
	O no	O no	O no		
b. if patient does request screening	O yes	O yes	O yes		
	O no	O no	O no		

2. Do you recommend screening for prostate cancer	If Mr. Morton's age is			
using PSA for this patient?	Age 90	Age 70	Age 50	
a. if patient does not request screening	O yes	O yes	O yes	
	O no	O no	O no	
b. if patient does request screening	O yes	O yes	O yes	
	O no	O no	O no	

4.

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J.	i icase indicate writeti	ici you agice o	i disagi cc	VVILII LIIC	IOIIOVVIIIG	statements.

a.	I would feel like I had done something wrong if I did not recommend that my patients have regular PSA screening for prostate cancer.	strongly disagree	somewhat disagree	neither agree nor disagree	somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
b.	I don't feel any special responsibility to recommend PSA screening for prostate cancer.	strongly disagree	somewhat disagree	neither agree nor disagree	somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
C.	When it comes to recommending prostate cancer screening with PSA, it is better to be safe than sorry.	strongly disagree			somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
d.	Screening for prostate cancer with PSA is just looking for trouble.	strongly disagree			somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
e.	I would regret not recommending prostate cancer screening with PSA to a patient later diagnosed with prostate cancer.	strongly disagree	somewhat disagree	neither agree nor disagree	somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
you	what degree would the following factors influence recommendation for prostate cancer screening 70 year old male patient?	•	no fluence	minimal influence	moderate influence	strong influence
a.	short time to spend with patient		0	0	0	0
b.	worried I could be sued		0	0	0	0
C.	clinical reminders or performance measures		0	0	0	0

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5. List as many **benefits** from prostate cancer screening as you can think of for Mr. Morton, a 70-year old patient. For each benefit, indicate how large you believe that benefit would be. [Please print one benefit per line Use as many lines as you need.]

	almost no benefit to patient	small benefit to patient	moderate benefit to patient	large benefit to patient
a	0	0	0	0
b	0	0	0	0
C	0	0	0	0
d	O	0	0	0
e	0	0	0	0
f	0	0	0	0
g.	0	0	0	0

6. List as many **harms** from prostate cancer screening as you can think of for Mr. Morton, a 70-year old patient. For each harm indicate how large you believe that harm would be. [Please print one harm per line. Use as many lines as you need.]

	almost no harm to patient	small harm to patient	moderate harm to patient	large harm to patient
a.	_ 0	0	0	0
b.	0	0	0	0
C.	0	0	0	0
d.	0	0	0	0
e.	0	0	0	0
f.	0	0	0	0
g.	0	0	0	0

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7.	On	average,	how diff	icult was	it for you	u to come	e up with	these ha	arms for p	orostate (cancer so	reening?
		O not	at all di	fficult								
		Osor	newhat o	difficult								
		O mo	derately	difficult								
		O ver	y difficul	t								
		O ext	remely c	lifficult								
8.	PS	ink of 100 A of 8.0. Having th the next	You con	tinue to f	follow the ad to at I	em for th east mod	e next 10 lerate ph) years.				ed
		the next	io years	TOI TIOW	many or	mese me	5111					
		0	O 1-10	O 11-20	O 21-30	O 31-40	O 41-50	O 51-60	O 61-70	O 71-80	O 81-90	O 91-100
	b.	Having th					-	ycholog	ical harn	n at some	e point o	ver
		O 0	O 1-10	O 11-20	O 21-30	O 31-40	O 41-50	O 51-60	O 61-70	O 71-80	O 81-90	O 91-100
	C.	At the end lengthene			•		men do y	ou think	will have	had thei	r lives	
		O 0	O 1-10	O 11-20	O 21-30	O 31-40	O 41-50	O 51-60	O 61-70	O 71-80	O 81-90	O 91-100

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Part D: Colon Cancer Screening

These questions are about screening for colon cancer using colonoscopy.

Patient #2: Mr. Lewis is a white male with good cognitive status and no fatal disease. He has no family history of colon cancer and no risk factors or history of polyps. He had a normal colonoscopy ten years ago. His age is below.

Please complete the tables below. Fill in one bubble for each block based on patient age and patient screening request [total of 6 answers per table].

Do you discuss screening for colon cancer using	If Mr	. Lewis' age is	s
colonoscopy for this patient?	Age 90	Age 70	Age 50
a. if patient does not request screening	O yes	O yes	O yes
	O no	O no	O no
b. if patient does request screening	O yes	O yes	O yes
	O no	O no	O no

2. Do you recommend screening for colon cancer	If Mr. Lewis' age is			
using colonoscopy for this patient?	Age 90	Age 70	Age 50	
a. if patient does not request screening	O yes	O yes	O yes	
	O no	O no	O no	
b. if patient does request screening	O yes	O yes	O yes	
	O no	O no	O no	

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۲.	Please indicate whether t	vou aaree or	nisanree wiin	The Tollowina	cialemenic.

a.	I would feel like I had done something wrong if I did not recommend that my patients have colonoscopies for colon cancer.	strongly disagree	somewhat disagree	neither agree nor disagree	somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
b.	I don't feel any special responsibility to recommend colonoscopy for cancer.	strongly disagree	somewhat disagree	neither agree nor disagree	somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
C.	When it comes to recommending colon cancer screening with colonoscopy, it is better to be safe than sorry.	strongly disagree	somewha disagree		somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
d.	Screening for colon cancer with colonoscopy is just looking for trouble.	strongly disagree	somewha disagree		somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
e.	I would regret not recommending colon cancer screening with colonoscopy to a patient later diagnosed with colon cancer.	strongly disagree	somewhat disagree	neither agree nor disagree	somewhat agree	strongly agree
	Patient Age 70	0	0	0	0	0
	Patient Age 90	0	0	0	0	0
you	what degree would the following factors influence recommendation for colon cancer screening a 70 year old male patient?		no fluence	minimal influence	moderate influence	strong influence
a.	short time to spend with patient		0	0	0	0
b.	worried I could be sued		0	0	0	0
C.	clinical reminders or performance measures		0	0	0	0

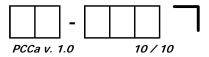
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5. List as many **benefits** from colon cancer screening as you can think of for Mr. Lewis a 70-year old patient. For each benefit, indicate how large you believe that benefit would be. [Please print one benefit per line. Use as many lines as you need.]

	almost no benefit to patient	small benefit to patient	moderate benefit to patient	large benefit to patient
a	0	0	0	0
b.	0	0	0	0
C.	0	0	0	0
d.	0	0	0	0
e	0	0	0	0
f	0	0	0	0
g.		0	0	0

6. List as many **harms** from colon cancer screening as you can think of for Mr. Lewis, a 70-year old patient. For each harm indicate how large you believe that harm would be. [Please print one harm per line. Use as many lines as you need.]

	almost no harm to patient	small harm to patient	moderate harm to patient	large harm to patient
a.	_	0	0	0
b.	0	0	0	0
C.	0	0	0	0
d.	0	0	0	0
e.	_	0	0	0
f.	0	0	0	0
g.	_	0	0	0



7.	On average, how difficult was it for you to come up with these harms for colon cancer screening?												
	O not at all difficult												
	O somewhat difficult												
	O moderately difficult												
	O very difficult												
O extremely difficult													
8.	Think of 100 healthy patients, like Mr. Lewis age 70, whom you screen with colonoscopy and find a 1.0 cm adenomatous polyp that is removed. You continue to follow them for the next 10 years. a. Having the colonoscopy will lead to at least moderate physical harm at some point over												
		the next 10 years for how many of these men?											
		O 0	O 1-10	O 11-20	O 21-30	O 31-40	O 41-50	O 51-60	O 61-70	O 71-80	O 81-90	O 91-100	
		. Having the colonoscopy will lead to at least moderate psychological harm at some point over the next 10 years for how many of these men?											
		O 0	O 1-10	O 11-20	O 21-30	O 31-40	O 41-50	O 51-60	O 61-70	O 71-80	O 81-90	O 91-100	
	c. At the end of 10 years, how many of these men do you think will have had their lives lengthened by having had the colonoscopy?												
		O 0	O 1-10	O 11-20	O 21-30	O 31-40	O 41-50	O 51-60	O 61-70	O 71-80	O 81-90	O 91-100	
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