# Association Between Biofilm Formation, Structure, and the Expression Levels of Genes Related to biofilm formation and Biofilm-Specific Resistance of Acinetobacter baumannii Strains Isolated from Burn Infection in Ahvaz, Iran

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Background: The ability of biofilm formation is an effective way for Acinetobacter baumannii survival from stressed conditions. This present study was aimed to evaluate the association between biofilm formation, structure, the expression levels of genes related to biofilm formation and biofilm-specific resistance of A. baumannii strains isolated from burn infections in Ahvaz, Iran.

Methods: In this study, we assessed the antibiotic susceptibilities, ERIC-PCR typing, capacity of biofilm formation and biofilm structure of 64 A. baumannii isolates collected from burn infections. The distribution and the expression levels of genes involved in the biofilm formation including bap, ompA, abaI, pgaA and csuE were assessed by PCR and real-time PCR, respectively.

Results: We classified A. baumannii isolates in 14 clonal types of ERIC-PCR. Most A. baumannii isolates were resistant to all antibiotics tested except to tigecycline and colistin and had the biofilm formation capability but with different capacities. There was a significant inverse relationship between resistance to antibiotic agents and biofilm formation. The biofilm matrix of 50 strains consisted of polysaccharides together with DNA or proteins. The genes involved in the biofilm formation were detected in both biofilm-forming and nonbiofilm forming; however, the expression levels of these genes were higher in biofilm producers compared with non-producers.

Conclusion: The biofilm cells exhibited dramatically decreased susceptibility to antibiotic agents; hence, they have great significance for public health. Therefore, the determination of antibiotic susceptibilities in biofilm and planktonic mode, molecular typing, and capacity of biofilm formation in clinical setting is essential.

Keywords: Acinetobacter baumannii, biofilm formation, gene expression, biofilm structure

#### Introduction

Burn infections are considered as one of the most important complications of thermal injuries. Burn infections may be a life-threatening cause if bacteria have invaded into the tissue layers beneath the dermis. In addition, the invasion of bacteria may lead to bacteremia, sepsis, and multiple-organ dysfunction syndrome.<sup>1</sup>

In addition to the nature of the burn infections, the quantities of microorganisms colonizing these infections are also important. Gram-negative bacteria due to their

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extensive antibiotic resistance have accounted as the main pathogens of the burn infections. *Acinetobacter baumannii* is recognized as one of the leading pathogens in burn units' worldwide.<sup>2</sup>

In recent years, the extensive emergence of multi- and pan drug-resistant *A. baumannii* strains has revealed this organism's ability to quickly adapt to environmental changes.<sup>3</sup>

The biofilm formation is one of the hallmark characteristics of opportunistic pathogens such as *A. baumannii*. Biofilm is a community of bacterial cells attached to biotic or abiotic surfaces where these cells have intimate contacts with each other. *A. baumannii* can produce a wide variety of virulence factors in the biofilm mode that contributes in the various steps of the attachment of biofilm cells to the biotic or abiotic surfaces.<sup>4</sup>

The biofilm-associated protein (Bap) is one of the key factors in the initial attachment and maturation of *A. baumannii* biofilm, so that can affect both the biofilm thickness and bio-volume.<sup>5</sup> Also, the major outer membrane protein (OmpA) has an important role in the attachment of bacterial cells on the abiotic surfaces and human alveolar epithelial cells in the biofilm communities.<sup>6</sup>

The production of pili is essential for the initial steps of biofilm formation. The pili of *A. baumannii* are encoded by the *csuA/BABCDE* operon and the inactivation of the *csuE* gene resulted in the abolition of both pili production and biofilm formation.<sup>7</sup> One of the important polysaccharides in the biofilm communities is poly-β-(1-6)-*N*-acetylglucosamine (PNAG) that its synthesis is controlled by the *pgaABCD* locus.<sup>8</sup> On the other hand, the production of the acylhomoserine lactone molecules as the product of the autoinducer synthase *abaI* gene, is essential for quorum sensing and subsequently the later stages of the biofilm formation.<sup>9</sup> Overall, the presence and the expression levels of genes involved in the biofilm formation have determined the capacity of the biofilm formation.

One of the main characteristics of bacteria in the biofilm mode is greater tolerance to antibiotics rather than planktonic mode, so that bacteria in the biofilm mode can tolerate 100 to 1000 folds higher concentrations of antimicrobial agents than the planktonic mode. <sup>10</sup> Many studies in Iran and other countries reported the capacity of biofilm formation in *A. baumannii* strains, as well as the frequencies of genes related to it. <sup>11–15</sup> However, the associations between the expression levels of genes related to biofilm formation and the capacity of biofilm formation, as well as the structural properties of biofilm matrix are less studied. Hence, this study was aimed to evaluate the association between the biofilm formation, structure, the expression levels of genes related to biofilm formation and biofilm-specific resistance of *A. baumannii* strains isolated from burn infections in Ahvaz, Iran.

#### **Methods**

#### Study Design and Bacterial Strains

A total of 64 A. baumannii isolates were collected between August and December 2018 from clinical samples of burn infections of hospitalized patients in the intensive care unit (ICU) of Taleghani Hospital in Ahvaz, Iran. The study design was approved by the Research Ethics Committee of Ahvaz Jundishapur University of Medical Sciences, Iran (AJUMS. REC.1396.333). These isolates were transferred to Department of Microbiology, School of Medicine, Ahvaz Jundishapur University of Medical Sciences and cultured on MacConkey agar (Merck, Germany). All of these isolates were confirmed as A. baumannii by some biochemical tests, including sugar fermentation, motility, citrate utilization, urease, oxidative/fermentative glucose (O/F) test, catalase, oxidase and growth ability at 37°C and 42°C16 and the amplification of the bla<sub>OXA51-like</sub> gene, <sup>17</sup> according to the primer set listed in Table 1. The A. baumannii strain ATCC19606 was used as the reference strain.

# Antibiotic Susceptibility Testing

The minimum inhibitory concentrations (MICs) of a quinolone (levofloxacin), an aminoglycoside (amikacin), a carbapenem (meropenem), a glycylcycline (tigecycline), a fourthgeneration cephalosporin (cefepime) and a lipopeptide (colistin) were performed using broth microdilution method and their results were interpreted according to the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute guidelines (CLSL, 2018). All of these antibiotics were purchased from Sigma Aldrich, USA. Briefly, for levofloxacin, amikacin, meropenem, colistin and cefepime, the MICs of greater than or equal to 8  $\mu$ g/mL, 64  $\mu$ g/mL, 8  $\mu$ g/mL, 4  $\mu$ g/mL and 32  $\mu$ g/mL were considered as the resistance breakpoints, respectively. In addition, for tigecycline, a MIC of greater than or equal to 8  $\mu$ g/mL was proposed as the resistance breakpoint according to the criteria suggested by Jones et al. 19

# Molecular Typing by ERIC-PCR

The clonal relatedness of the *A. baumannii* strains was evaluated by enterobacterial repetitive intergenic consensus PCR (ERIC-PCR).<sup>20</sup> This reaction was performed using primers ERIC-F (5'-ATGTAAGCTCCTGGGGATTCAC-3')

and ERIC-R (5'-AAGTAAGTGACTGGGGTG AGCG-3') in a final volume of 20 µL containing 2 U of Taq DNA polymerase, 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 200 µM dNTPs, 0.5 µM of each primer (forward and reverse), 10x PCR buffer, 2 µL template DNA (100 pg concentration) and nuclease-free water up to a final volume of 20µL. This amplification condition was as follows: one cycle initial denaturation at 94°C for 5 mins; 35 cycles of 94°C for 1 min, 52°C for 1 min, 72°C for 1.5 mins, and a final extension cycle at 72°C for 15 mins. The comparison of ERIC-PCR banding patterns was performed using Gel Compare II software version 6.6 (Applied Math, Sint-Martens-Latem, Belgium). The relatedness of each ERIC-PCR pattern was determined using Dice coefficient/unweighted pair-group method with arithmetic mean [UPGMA] analysis, with 1% position tolerance. A. baumannii strains with a similarity of 85% were considered as a clonal type.

# Biofilm Formation Determination and Quantification

The biofilm formation capability of A. baumannii isolates was assessed using the crystal violet (CV) staining method, as previously described.<sup>21</sup> Briefly, an overnight culture of each isolate was prepared in Muller Hinton broth and adjusted to a turbidity of 0.5 McFarland with normal saline (0.85% NaCl). A 10µL aliquot of each suspension was diluted 1:20 in 190 uL of Mueller Hinton broth containing 2.5% glucose in the 96-well polystyrene microtiter plates. After incubation at 37°C for an overnight, the plates were rinsed with PBS three times. The adherent cells were fixed with absolute methanol for 10 mins and stained with 200 µL of 0.1% CV for 20 mins at room temperature. Again, the plates were washed with PBS three times, and then air-dried. Subsequently, the unbound CV was removed by adding 200 μL of a mixture of ethanol:acetone (1:5) for 20 mins and the optical density (OD) at 570 nm was measured using an UV visible spectrophotometer (UV-1601, SHIMADZU). Also, A. baumannii strain ATCC19606 and Muller Hinton Broth were used as positive and negative controls for the biofilm formation, respectively. The results were interpreted according to the criteria suggested by Zhang et al.<sup>22</sup>

# Determination of Biochemical Properties of the Biofilm Matrix

To characterize the biochemical properties of the biofilm matrix, first, the 24 hrs old biofilms of A. baumannii isolates were established in the sterile 96-well polystyrene microtiter plates and washed with PBS for three times. The biofilms were then treated for 1 hr at 37°C either with a solution of 10 mM sodium metaperiodate (NaIO<sub>4</sub>) in 50 mM sodium acetate buffer for the disruption of the extracellular polysaccharides, with 100 µg/mL of proteinase K for the disruption of the extracellular proteins, or with 100 µg/mL of DNAseI in 150 mM of NaCl and 1 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub> for the disruption of the extracellular DNAs. Afterward treatments, the biofilms were washed with PBS, stained with 0.1% CV and the OD at 570 nm measured, as described above. Since the biofilm matrix for each isolate can be a combination structure from polysaccharide, protein and/or DNA, the composition of the biofilm matrix after removing biofilm with specific treatments of sodium metaperiodate (NaIO<sub>4</sub>), proteinase K and DNAseI was described as  $+ = \le 30\%$ ; ++ = 30-70% and  $+++ = \ge 70\%$ .

#### Biofilm Antibiotic Susceptibility Testing

The minimum biofilm eradication concentration (MBEC) values of levofloxacin, amikacin, meropenem, tigecycline, colistin and cefepime in A. baumannii isolates were measured using the broth microdilution method. First, the isolates were cultivated in the sterile 96-well polystyrene microtiter plates for an overnight at 37°C to allow for the biofilm formation. The biofilms were then exposed to the concentrations of 2 to 4096 µg/mL of levofloxacin, 4 to 8192 µg/mL of amikacin, 2 to 4096 µg/mL of meropenem, 0.5 to 2048 µg/mL of tigecycline and 16 to 16,384 µg/mL of cefepime for an overnight at 37°C. Then, the wells were washed with sterile PBS three times, and incubated with Muller Hinton Broth (Merck, Germany) for an overnight at 37°C. The MBEC was proposed as any viable cell was not recovered from the biofilm material or i.e. OD<sub>570</sub> was less than 0.1. All tests were repeated in triplicate.<sup>21</sup>

# Molecular Identification of the Genes **Encoding Biofilm Formation and Efflux** Pumps

The genomic DNA of these isolates were extracted using the boiling method, as previously described. 17 The uniplex PCR assays were performed for the molecular identifications of the bap, pgaA, abaI, ompA and csuE genes and efflux pumps, including adeB, adeJ and adeG in a final volume of 25 µL. 15,24 The sequences and sizes of the primers used in this study are shown in Table 1.

The amplification mixture consisted of 1U Taq DNA polymerase (Cinaclone, Iran), 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 200 μM dNTPs, 0.35 µM of each primer, 10x PCR buffer, 5 µL of template DNA and distilled water up to a final volume

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Table I Primers Used in This Study

Target	Primers	Length (bp)	Ref.
bla <sub>OXA-51</sub>	F:TAATGCTTTGATCGGCCTTG R: TGGATTGCACCTTCATCTTGG	353	17
pgaA	F: GCCGACGGTCGCGATAC R: ATGCACATCACCAAAACGGTACT	150	24
csuE	F: TCAGACCGGAGAAAAACTTAACG R: GCCGGAAGCCGTAT GTAGAA	150	24
bap	F: AATGCACCGGTACTTGATCC R: TATTGC CTGCAGGGTCAGTT	205	24
отрА	F: ATGAAAAAGACAGCTATCGCGATTGCA R: CACCAAAAGCACCAGCGCCCAGTTG	136	15
abal	F: AATGCCTATTCCCTGCTCAC R: ATTGCTTCTTGCAGAATTGC	132	15
16 S rRNA	F: ACTCCTACGGGAGGCAGCAGT R: TATTACCG CGGCTGCTGGC	198	9

of 25 μL. The amplification process was performed in a Mastercycler Nexus Thermal Cycler Gradient (Eppendorf, Hamburg, Germany) with one cycle of initial denaturation at 94°C for 3 mins, followed by 35 cycles of denaturation at 94°C for 30 s, annealing at 56°C for the *bap, ompA* and *csuE* genes, 59°C for the *abaI* and *ompA* genes and 55°C for the *adeB, adeJ* and *adeG* genes for 30 s, extension at 72°C for 30 s, and a final extension cycle at 72°C for 10 mins. The PCR products were visualized on 2% agarose gel stained with safe stain.

# Quantitative Real-Time PCR Assay

First, the RNA extraction and genomic DNA removal of all A. baumannii strains were performed using an RNeasy Mini kit (Qiagen, Tokyo, Japan). The quality and integrity of the total RNA were evaluated with the NanoDrop spectrophotometer (Thermo Fisher Scientific, MA, USA) and agarose gel electrophoresis. The final concentration of each one of the RNA extracts was adjusted to 400 ng/µL. The RNA was reverse transcribed to cDNA using PrimeScript™ 1st strand cDNA Synthesis Kit (Qiagen Tokyo, Japan) according to the manufacturer's procedure and all of the cDNAs were stored at -20°C. Real-time PCR amplification reaction was prepared in a final volume 20  $\mu L$ , with 400 ng cDNA, 10  $\mu L$ RealQ Plus Master Mix Green (Amligon, Denmark), 0.5 µL each of forward and reverse primers (10 nM each) and RNase- and DNase-free water up to the final volume 20 μL. The Primer sequences used for the genes related to the biofilm formation, including *bap*, *abaI ompA*, *csuE* and *pgaA* gene and efflux pumps, including *adeB*, *adeJ* and *adeG* are shown in Table 1.<sup>24</sup> The 16rRNA gene was used as an internal control for the normalization of gene expression levels. Real-time PCR was performed using a Step One Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems, CA, USA) as follows: on cycle of initial denaturation at 95°C for 15 mins, 40 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 30 s, annealing at 55°C for 30 s, and extension at 72°C for 30 s.

The relative expression levels of each gene in the clinical strains are shown as the fold changes compared with the transcript levels of those in *A. baumannii* strain ATCC 19606 and were calculated using the  $2^{-\Delta\Delta Ct}$  method.

#### Statistical Analysis

The descriptive statistical tests were used for the evaluation of OD values of the biofilm formation, the frequencies of genes encoding biofilm and susceptibility antibiotic pattern. Spearman's rank ( $r_s$ ) correlation was used for the comparison of the biofilm formation capacity with susceptibility and resistance to antibiotic agents, and Pearson correlation coefficient (PCC) was used for the determination of correlation between MIC and MBEC values. The mRNA expression analysis were performed using Student's t test and one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA), followed by the Tukey's multiple comparison test. In all analyses, a two-sided significance level of <0.01 was considered statistically significant.

#### Results

# Bacterial Strains, Antibiotic Susceptibility and Molecular Typing

A total of 64 non-duplicate isolates were confirmed as A. baumannii using the amplification of the bla<sub>OXA-51</sub> gene. These samples were collected from the different clinical samples, including bronchial (26.56%), wound 15 (23.43%), tracheal secretion 11 (17.18%), urine 11 (17.18%), and blood 10 (15.62%). The antibiotic susceptibility of these isolates in planktonic mode was determined using the broth microdilution method and according to these results, 56.25% of the A. baumannii isolates were MDR. Moreover, the majority of the isolates were resistant to amikacin (79.7%; 51 isolates), followed by meropenem (75%; 48 isolates), levofloxacin (60.9%; 39 isolates), cefepime (53.1%; 24 strains) and tigecycline (25%; 16 isolates), while all isolates were sensitive to colistin. Also, according to the analysis of ERIC-PCR band patterns, these 64 A. baumannii isolates were clustered into 14 clonal types and 11 single type of ERIC-PCR. Figure 1 describes the dendrogram obtained from ERIC-PCR analysis of these isolates. The correlation between the MICs of each one of antibiotics and ERIC-PCR types is shown in Table 2. According to these results, all strains belonging to a same clone type had similar antibiotic resistance pattern, i.e. there was a significant association (p< 0.05) between the clone types and antibiotic resistance.

# Biofilm Formation Capacity and Its Structure Characterizes

The biofilm-forming capacity of these 64 A. baumannii isolates was evaluated using CV staining method. The OD570 values for A. baumannii ACC19606 (as positive control) and Muller Hinton broth (as negative control) were  $0.452 \pm 0.052$ and  $0.085 \pm 0.002$ , respectively. The OD570 values for the clinical strains ranged from  $0.125\pm0.056$  to  $1.745\pm0.054$ . Overall, 55 isolates were biofilm producers among which, 15 (23.4%) isolates were strong producers, 13 (20.3%) were moderate producers and 27 (42.2%) were weak producers. Also, 13 (20.3%) isolates showed the biofilm formation more robust than A. baumannii ATCC19606. The correlation between biofilm-forming capacity and ERIC-PCR types is shown in Table 3. According to these results, all strains belonging to a same clone type had similar biofilm-forming capacity.

On the other hand, the structure characterizes of the biofilm matrix were recognized by several treatments. According to these treatments, the biofilm matrix in 5 (7.8%) A. baumannii isolates was exclusively composited from polysaccharides, in 15 (23.4%) isolates was composited from the combination of proteins, polysaccharides and DNA, in 25 (39.06%) isolates were composited from the combination of proteins and polysaccharides and in 10 (15.62%) isolates was composited from the combination of DNA and polysaccharides. The composition of the biofilm matrix for each strain is shown in Table 3. According to these results, all strains belonging to a same clone type had similar structure characterizes in biofilm matrix.

# Relationships Between Biofilm Formation and Antibiotic Resistance

Our results revealed that all strong biofilm-formers were non-MDR strains, while all weak biofilm-formers were MDR strains. Also, nine strains were non biofilm-formers, which consisted of one non-MDR strain and eight MDR strains. Hence, it is suggested that non-MDR A. baumannii strains tended to form stronger biofilms than MDR strains, as was confirmed by statistical analyses ( $r_s = -0.715, P < 0.001$ ), i.e. non-MDR strains had greater possibility to produce strong biofilm than MDR strains.

On the other hand, we evaluated the association between the biofilm-forming capacities and antibiotic resistance. The results revealed that apart from colistin, for each antibiotic, susceptible isolates could form more robust biofilms than moderate and resistant strains, indicating a significant negative correlation between the capacity of biofilm formation and resistance phenotypes to all antibiotics except to colistin  $(r_s = -0.258 \text{ to } -0.708, P < 0.001; \text{ Table 4})$ . For colistin, no significant correlation was observed ( $r_s = -0.030$ , P = 0.813; Table 4).

# Relationship Between MBECs and MICs

The MIC values of meropenem, levofloxacin, cefepime, tigecycline, amikacin and colistin of these isolates ranged from 1 to 1024  $\mu g/mL$ , 1 to 512  $\mu g/mL$ , 0.5 to 512  $\mu g/mL$ , 0.25 to  $32 \mu g/mL$ , 8 to  $512 \mu g/mL$  and 0.25 to  $1 \mu g/mL$ , respectively. As expected, the MBECs of these antibiotics were higher than their respective MICs, followed by 32 to 4096 µg/mL for amikacin, 8 to 4096 µg/mL for levofloxacin and cefepime, 16 to 4096 µg/mL for meropenem, 8 to 512 µg/mL for tigecycline and 4 to 16 µg/mL for colistin.

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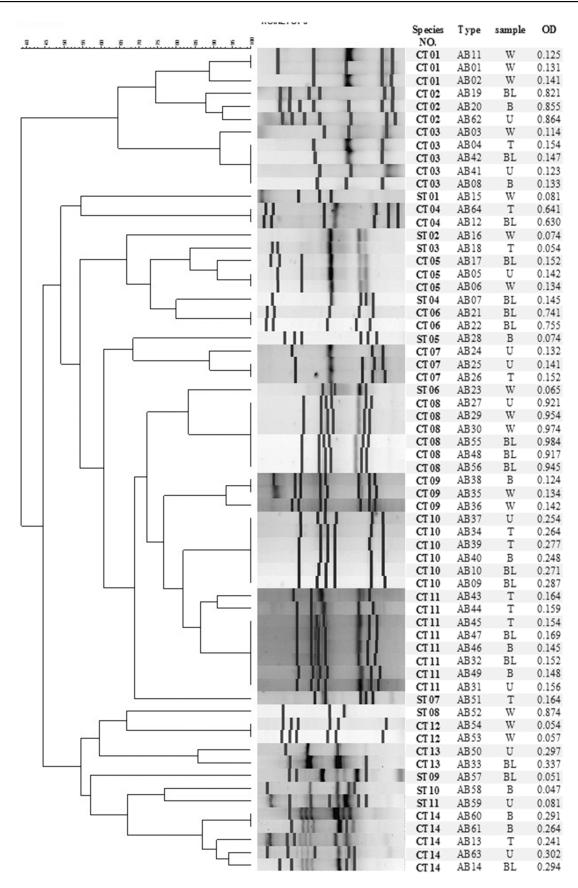


Figure I Dendrogram of ERIC-PCR analysis of 64 Acinetobacter baumannii strains.

Table 2 MICs of Tested Antibiotics and ERIC-PCR Types for Acinetobacter baumannii Strains

CT01   AB11	Туре	Strain No.	AK	CFP	LVF	TIG	MEM	COL	Туре	Strain No.	AK	CFP	LVF	TIG	MEM	COL
CT01   AB01   64   128   8   16   64   0.5   CT09   AB38   128   512   128   8   8   0.25   CT01   AB02   128   128   8   16   128   0.25   CT09   AB35   128   256   128   4   8   0.25   CT02   AB19   128   64   1   2   1   1   CT09   AB35   128   256   128   8   8   0.25   CT02   AB20   128   128   128   1   2   1   1   CT09   AB36   64   256   128   8   8   1   256   1   CT02   AB20   128   64   2   2   1   1   CT10   AB37   128   8   8   8   2   256   1   CT02   AB20   AB20   128   64   2   2   1   0.5   CT10   AB37   128   16   8   1   256   0.25   CT03   AB03   256   512   16   8   512   0.5   CT10   AB39   128   16   8   4   128   0.25   CT03   AB04   256   512   16   8   512   0.5   CT10   AB40   64   8   4   1   128   1   CT03   AB41   256   256   16   4   512   0.5   CT10   AB40   64   8   4   1   128   1   CT03   AB41   256   512   16   8   512   0.5   CT10   AB40   64   8   4   1   128   1   CT03   AB41   256   512   32   4   512   0.25   CT10   AB40   64   8   4   1   2   2   256   0.5   CT03   AB41   256   512   16   8   256   0.25   CT10   AB40   AB40   128   16   4   2   2   256   0.5   CT03   AB41   256   512   16   8   256   0.25   CT11   AB43   128   16   4   2   2   256   0.5   CT04   AB44   128   128   64   16   512   0.5   CT04   AB64   16   4   2   2   0.5   2   0.5   CT11   AB44   128   128   64   16   512   0.5   CT04   AB64   16   4   2   2   2   0.5   2   0.5   CT11   AB44   128   128   64   16   512   1   0.5   CT04   AB64   16   4   2   2   2   2   2   0.5   CT11   AB44   128   128   64   16   512   1   0.5   CT04   AB64   16   4   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2			(μg/mL)					(μg/mL)								
CT01   AB02   128   128   128   8	CT01	ABII	64	128	8	16	64	1	CT08	AB56	16.0	4	4	0.5	2	0.5
CT02         AB19         128         64         I         2         I         I         CT09         AB36         64         256         128         8         8         I           CT02         AB20         128         128         I         2         I         I         CT10         AB37         128         8         8         2         256         I           CT02         AB62         128         64         2         2         I         0.5         CT10         AB34         128         16         8         256         0.25           CT03         AB03         256         512         16         8         512         0.5         CT10         AB40         64         8         4         I         128         I           CT03         AB42         256         512         32         4         512         0.5         CT10         AB40         64         8         4         I         128         I           CT03         AB41         256         512         32         4         512         0.5         CT10         AB40         16         4         2         256         0.25         CT	CT01	AB01	64	128	8	16	64	0.5	CT09	AB38	128	512	128	8	8	0.25
CT02         AB20         128         128         1         2         1         1         CT10         AB37         128         8         8         2         256         1           CT02         AB62         128         64         2         2         1         0.5         CT10         AB34         128         16         8         1         256         0.25           CT03         AB04         256         512         16         8         512         0.5         CT10         AB40         64         8         4         128         1           CT03         AB42         256         512         32         4         512         0.5         CT10         AB09         128         16         4         4         128         1           CT03         AB41         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT10         AB09         128         16         4         4         128         1           CT03         AB41         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT11         AB43         128         12         16         4         12	CT01	AB02	128	128	8	16	128	0.25	CT09	AB35	128	256	128	4	8	0.25
CT02         A862         128         64         2         2         1         0.5         CT10         AB34         128         16         8         1         256         0.25           CT03         AB03         256         512         16         8         256         I         CT10         AB39         128         16         8         4         128         0.25           CT03         AB04         256         512         16         8         512         0.5         CT10         AB40         64         8         4         1         128         I           CT03         AB41         256         512         32         4         512         0.25         CT10         AB09         128         16         4         128         I           CT03         AB41         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT10         AB09         128         16         4         2         256         0.5           CT03         AB08         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT11         AB43         128         128         4         512         0	CT02	ABI9	128	64	ı	2	1	1	CT09	AB36	64	256	128	8	8	1
CT03         AB03         256         512         16         8         256         I         CT10         AB39         128         16         8         4         128         0.25           CT03         AB04         256         512         16         8         512         0.5         CT10         AB40         64         8         4         1         128         1           CT03         AB42         256         256         16         4         512         0.5         CT10         AB00         64         16         4         128         1           CT03         AB41         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT11         AB49         128         16         4         2         256         0.5           CT03         AB61         16         16         32         4         512         0.25         CT11         AB49         128         16         4         12         0.5         S         0.5         CT11         AB49         128         16         4         128         1.0         S         0.5         S         0.5         CT11         AB49         128         4 </td <td>CT02</td> <td>AB20</td> <td>128</td> <td>128</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>CT10</td> <td>AB37</td> <td>128</td> <td>8</td> <td>8</td> <td>2</td> <td>256</td> <td>1</td>	CT02	AB20	128	128	1	2	1	1	CT10	AB37	128	8	8	2	256	1
CT03         AB04         256         512         16         8         512         0.5         CT10         AB40         64         8         4         1         128         1           CT03         AB42         256         256         16         4         512         0.5         CT10         AB10         64         16         4         128         1           CT03         AB41         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT10         AB09         128         16         4         2         256         0.5           CT03         AB08         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT11         AB44         128         128         64         16         512         0.5         2         0.5         CT11         AB44         128         128         64         16         12         0.5         2         0.5         CT11         AB44         128         128         64         4         512         0.5         CT11         AB45         256         128         32         4         256         0.25         CT11         AB47         256         128	CT02	AB62	128	64	2	2	1	0.5	CT10	AB34	128	16	8	1	256	0.25
CT03         AB42         256         256         16         4         512         0.5         CT10         AB10         64         16         4         128         1           CT03         AB41         256         512         32         4         512         0.25         CT10         AB09         128         16         4         2         256         0.5           CT03         AB08         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT11         AB43         128         128         64         16         1512         0.5           ST01         AB15         16         16         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT11         AB44         128         128         64         4         512         0.5           CT04         AB64         16         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT11         AB45         256         128         32         4         512         0.25           CT04         AB12         16         4         2         0.5         CT11         AB44         512         128         32         4         512 <t< td=""><td>CT03</td><td>AB03</td><td>256</td><td>512</td><td>16</td><td>8</td><td>256</td><td>1</td><td>CTI0</td><td>AB39</td><td>128</td><td>16</td><td>8</td><td>4</td><td>128</td><td>0.25</td></t<>	CT03	AB03	256	512	16	8	256	1	CTI0	AB39	128	16	8	4	128	0.25
CT03         AB41         256         512         32         4         512         0.25         CT10         AB09         128         16         4         2         256         0.5           CT03         AB08         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT11         AB43         128         128         64         16         512         0.5           ST01         AB15         16         16         32         4         512         1         CT11         AB44         128         128         64         4         512         0.5           CT04         AB64         16         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT11         AB45         256         128         64         8         1024         0.25           CT04         AB16         16         4         2         0.5         C         CT11         AB47         256         128         32         4         256         0.25           ST02         AB16         512         256         4         4         256         1         CT11         AB47         252         64         16         512         <	CT03	AB04	256	512	16	8	512	0.5	CTI0	AB40	64	8	4	ı	128	1
CT03         AB08         256         512         16         8         256         0.25         CT11         AB43         128         128         64         16         512         0.5           ST01         AB15         16         16         32         4         512         I         CT11         AB44         128         128         64         4         512         0.5           CT04         AB64         16         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT11         AB45         256         128         64         8         1024         0.25           CT04         AB12         16         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT11         AB47         256         128         32         4         256         0.25           ST02         AB16         512         512         4         4         256         1         CT11         AB46         512         128         32         4         512         1           ST03         AB17         512         512         64         16         512         0.5         CT11         AB49         256         64         16         <	CT03	AB42	256	256	16	4	512	0.5	CTI0	ABI0	64	16	4	4	128	1
STOI         AB15         16         16         32         4         512         I         CTII         AB44         128         128         64         4         512         0.5           CT04         AB64         16         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CTII         AB45         256         128         64         8         1024         0.25           CT04         AB12         16         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CTII         AB47         256         128         32         4         256         0.25           ST02         AB16         512         512         4         4         64         0.5         CTII         AB46         512         128         32         4         512         11           ST03         AB18         512         256         4         4         256         1         CTII         AB49         256         256         64         16         512         1           CT05         AB05         256         512         64         16         252         0.5         CTII         AB49         256         256         64	CT03	AB41	256	512	32	4	512	0.25	CTI0	AB09	128	16	4	2	256	0.5
CTO4         AB64         I6         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CTII         AB45         256         128         64         8         1024         0.25           CTO4         AB12         I6         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CTII         AB47         256         128         32         4         256         0.25           STO2         AB16         512         512         512         4         4         64         0.5         CTII         AB46         512         128         32         4         512         1           STO3         AB18         512         256         4         4         256         I         CTII         AB49         256         256         64         16         512         1           CT05         AB05         256         512         64         16         512         0.5         CTII         AB49         256         256         64         16         512         1           CT05         AB06         512         256         64         16         256         0.5         ST07         AB51         64         512         <	CT03	AB08	256	512	16	8	256	0.25	CTII	AB43	128	128	64	16	512	0.5
CTO44         AB12         16         4         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT11         AB47         256         128         32         4         256         0.25           ST02         AB16         512         512         4         4         64         0.5         CT11         AB46         512         128         32         4         512         1           ST03         AB18         512         256         4         4         256         1         CT11         AB32         512         128         64         16         512         1           CT05         AB17         512         512         64         16         512         0.5         CT11         AB49         256         256         64         16         512         1           CT05         AB05         256         512         64         16         256         0.5         ST07         AB51         64         512         16         0.25         64         0.25           CT05         AB06         512         256         64         16         256         0.5         ST07         AB51         64         512         1	ST01	ABI5	16	16	32	4	512	1	CTII	AB44	128	128	64	4	512	0.5
STO2         AB16         512         512         4         4         64         0.5         CT11         AB46         512         128         32         4         512         1           STO3         AB18         512         256         4         4         256         1         CT11         AB32         512         128         64         16         512         1           CTO5         AB17         512         512         64         16         512         0.5         CT11         AB49         256         256         64         16         512         1           CTO5         AB05         256         512         64         32         256         1         CT11         AB31         512         128         32         16         1024         0.25           CT05         AB06         512         256         64         16         256         0.5         ST07         AB51         64         512         1         64         0.25           ST04         AB07         64         512         128         4         512         0.25         ST08         AB52         16         2         512         1	CT04	AB64	16	4	2	0.5	2	0.5	CTII	AB45	256	128	64	8	1024	0.25
STO3         AB18         512         256         4         4         256         I         CTII         AB32         512         128         64         16         512         1           CT05         AB17         512         512         64         16         512         0.5         CTII         AB49         256         256         64         16         512         1           CT05         AB05         256         512         64         32         256         1         CTII         AB31         512         128         32         16         1024         0.25           CT05         AB06         512         256         64         16         256         0.5         ST07         AB51         64         512         0.25         64         0.25           ST04         AB07         64         512         128         4         512         0.25         ST08         AB52         16         2         512         1         64         0.5           CT06         AB21         8         4         1         4         4         0.25         CT12         AB53         512         1         4         4	CT04	ABI2	16	4	2	0.5	2	0.5	CTII	AB47	256	128	32	4	256	0.25
CTO5         AB17         512         512         64         16         512         0.5         CTI1         AB49         256         256         64         16         512         1           CTO5         AB05         256         512         64         32         256         1         CTI1         AB31         512         128         32         16         1024         0.25           CTO5         AB06         512         256         64         16         256         0.5         STO7         AB51         64         512         64         0.25           STO4         AB07         64         512         128         4         512         0.25         STO8         AB52         16         2         512         1         64         0.5           CT06         AB21         8         4         1         4         4         0.25         CT12         AB53         512         1         4         64         0.5           CT06         AB22         8         4         1         4         4         0.5         CT12         AB53         512         0.5         4         4         128         0.25	ST02	ABI6	512	512	4	4	64	0.5	CTII	AB46	512	128	32	4	512	1
CTOS         AB05         256         512         64         32         256         I         CTII         AB3I         512         128         32         16         1024         0.25           CTOS         AB06         512         256         64         16         256         0.5         ST07         AB5I         64         512         64         0.5         64         0.25           ST04         AB07         64         512         128         4         512         0.25         ST08         AB52         16         2         512         1         64         0.5           CT06         AB21         8         4         1         4         4         0.25         CT12         AB54         512         1         4         4         64         0.5           CT06         AB22         8         4         1         4         4         0.5         CT12         AB53         512         0.5         4         4         128         0.25           ST05         AB28         256         16         4         1         512         0.5         CT13         AB33         64         2         128         0.25	ST03	AB18	512	256	4	4	256	1	CTII	AB32	512	128	64	16	512	1
CTO5         AB06         512         256         64         16         256         0.5         STO7         AB51         64         512         64         0.25           STO4         AB07         64         512         128         4         512         0.25         ST08         AB52         16         2         512         1         64         0.5           CT06         AB21         8         4         1         4         4         0.25         CT12         AB54         512         1         4         4         64         0.5           CT06         AB22         8         4         1         4         4         0.5         CT12         AB53         512         0.5         4         4         128         0.25           ST05         AB28         256         16         4         1         512         0.5         CT13         AB50         64         1         128         1         2         0.25           CT07         AB24         512         128         64         4         128         0.25         ST09         AB57         16         1         64         0.5         1         0.5	CT05	ABI7	512	512	64	16	512	0.5	CTII	AB49	256	256	64	16	512	1
STO4         AB07         64         512         128         4         512         0.25         ST08         AB52         16         2         512         1         64         0.5           CT06         AB21         8         4         1         4         4         0.25         CT12         AB54         512         1         4         4         64         0.5           CT06         AB22         8         4         1         4         4         0.5         CT12         AB53         512         0.5         4         4         128         0.25           ST05         AB28         256         16         4         1         512         0.5         CT13         AB50         64         1         128         1         2         0.25           CT07         AB24         512         128         64         4         128         0.25         ST09         AB57         16         1         64         0.5         1         0.5           CT07         AB26         512         256         128         4         128         1         ST10         AB58         256         16         4         0.5	CT05	AB05	256	512	64	32	256	1	CTII	AB31	512	128	32	16	1024	0.25
CT06         AB21         8         4         I         4         4         0.25         CT12         AB54         512         I         4         4         0.5           CT06         AB22         8         4         I         4         4         0.5         CT12         AB53         512         0.5         4         4         128         0.25           ST05         AB28         256         16         4         I         512         0.5         CT13         AB50         64         I         128         I         2         0.25           CT07         AB24         512         128         64         4         256         0.25         CT13         AB33         64         2         128         0.5         2         0.25           CT07         AB25         512         128         64         4         128         0.25         ST09         AB57         16         1         64         0.5         1         0.5           CT07         AB26         512         256         128         4         128         0.25         ST11         AB59         512         8         4         0.5         512	CT05	AB06	512	256	64	16	256	0.5	ST07	AB51	64	512	64	0.5	64	0.25
CT06         AB22         8         4         I         4         4         0.5         CT12         AB53         512         0.5         4         4         128         0.25           ST05         AB28         256         16         4         I         512         0.5         CT13         AB50         64         I         128         I         2         0.25           CT07         AB24         512         128         64         4         256         0.25         CT13         AB33         64         2         128         0.5         2         0.25           CT07         AB25         512         128         64         4         128         0.25         ST09         AB57         16         I         64         0.5         I         0.5           CT07         AB26         512         256         128         4         128         I         ST10         AB58         256         16         4         0.5         256         I           ST06         AB23         256         16         4         4         128         0.25         ST11         AB59         512         8         4         0.5 <td>ST04</td> <td>AB07</td> <td>64</td> <td>512</td> <td>128</td> <td>4</td> <td>512</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>ST08</td> <td>AB52</td> <td>16</td> <td>2</td> <td>512</td> <td>1</td> <td>64</td> <td>0.5</td>	ST04	AB07	64	512	128	4	512	0.25	ST08	AB52	16	2	512	1	64	0.5
ST05         AB28         256         16         4         1         512         0.5         CT13         AB50         64         1         128         1         2         0.25           CT07         AB24         512         128         64         4         256         0.25         CT13         AB33         64         2         128         0.5         2         0.25           CT07         AB25         512         128         64         4         128         0.25         ST09         AB57         16         1         64         0.5         1         0.5           CT07         AB26         512         256         128         4         128         1         ST10         AB58         256         16         4         0.5         256         1           ST06         AB23         256         16         4         4         128         0.25         ST11         AB59         512         8.         4         0.5         512         1           CT08         AB27         16         8         2         0.5         2         0.25         CT14         AB60         128         512         64         2	CT06	AB21	8	4	1	4	4	0.25	CT12	AB54	512	1	4	4	64	0.5
CT07         AB24         512         128         64         4         256         0.25         CT13         AB33         64         2         128         0.5         2         0.25           CT07         AB25         512         128         64         4         128         0.25         ST09         AB57         16         1         64         0.5         1         0.5           CT07         AB26         512         256         128         4         128         1         ST10         AB58         256         16         4         0.5         256         1           ST06         AB23         256         16         4         4         128         0.25         ST11         AB59         512         8         4         0.5         512         1           CT08         AB27         16         8         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT14         AB60         128         512         64         2         64         0.5           CT08         AB30         16         4         4         1         0.5         CT14         AB13         128         256         128         2         128<	CT06	AB22	8	4	1	4	4	0.5	CT12	AB53	512	0.5	4	4	128	0.25
CT07         AB25         512         128         64         4         128         0.25         ST09         AB57         16         1         64         0.5         1         0.5           CT07         AB26         512         256         128         4         128         1         ST10         AB58         256         16         4         0.5         256         1           ST06         AB23         256         16         4         4         128         0.25         ST11         AB59         512         8.         4         0.5         512         1           CT08         AB27         16         8         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT14         AB60         128         512         64         2         64         0.5           CT08         AB29         16         4         2         0.25         2         0.25         CT14         AB61         256         512         128         2         128         0.5           CT08         AB30         16         8         4         4         1         0.5         CT14         AB63         128         256         128         2 <td>ST05</td> <td>AB28</td> <td>256</td> <td>16</td> <td>4</td> <td>1</td> <td>512</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>CT13</td> <td>AB50</td> <td>64</td> <td>1</td> <td>128</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>0.25</td>	ST05	AB28	256	16	4	1	512	0.5	CT13	AB50	64	1	128	1	2	0.25
CT07       AB26       512       256       128       4       128       I       ST10       AB58       256       16       4       0.5       256       I         ST06       AB23       256       16       4       4       128       0.25       ST11       AB59       512       8.       4       0.5       512       I         CT08       AB27       16       8       2       0.5       2       0.5       CT14       AB60       128       512       64       2       64       0.5         CT08       AB29       16       4       2       0.25       2       0.25       CT14       AB61       256       512       128       2       128       0.5         CT08       AB30       16       8       4       4       1       0.5       CT14       AB13       128       256       128       2       128       0.5         CT08       AB55       32       8       4       4       2       I       CT14       AB63       128       256       128       2       128       0.5	CT07	AB24	512	128	64	4	256	0.25	CT13	AB33	64	2	128	0.5	2	0.25
ST06         AB23         256         16         4         4         128         0.25         ST11         AB59         512         8.         4         0.5         512         I           CT08         AB27         16         8         2         0.5         2         0.5         CT14         AB60         128         512         64         2         64         0.5           CT08         AB29         16         4         2         0.25         2         0.25         CT14         AB61         256         512         128         2         128         0.5           CT08         AB30         16         8         4         4         1         0.5         CT14         AB13         128         256         128         2         128         0.5           CT08         AB55         32         8         4         4         2         1         CT14         AB63         128         256         128         2         128         0.5	CT07	AB25	512	128	64	4	128	0.25	ST09	AB57	16	1	64	0.5	1	0.5
CT08       AB27       16       8       2       0.5       2       0.5       CT14       AB60       128       512       64       2       64       0.5         CT08       AB29       16       4       2       0.25       2       0.25       CT14       AB61       256       512       128       2       128       0.5         CT08       AB30       16       8       4       4       1       0.5       CT14       AB13       128       256       128       2       128       0.5         CT08       AB55       32       8       4       4       2       1       CT14       AB63       128       256       128       2       128       0.5	CT07	AB26	512	256	128	4	128	1	ST10	AB58	256	16	4	0.5	256	1
CT08     AB29     I6     4     2     0.25     2     0.25     CT14     AB6I     256     512     I28     2     I28     0.5       CT08     AB30     I6     8     4     4     I     0.5     CTI4     ABI3     I28     256     I28     2     I28     0.5       CT08     AB55     32     8     4     4     2     I     CTI4     AB63     I28     256     I28     2     I28     0.5	ST06	AB23	256	16	4	4	128	0.25	STII	AB59	512	8.	4	0.5	512	1
CT08     AB30     I6     8     4     4     I     0.5     CTI4     ABI3     I28     256     I28     2     I28     0.5       CT08     AB55     32     8     4     4     2     I     CTI4     AB63     I28     256     I28     2     I28     0.5	CT08	AB27	16	8	2	0.5	2	0.5	CT14	AB60	128	512	64	2	64	0.5
CT08 AB55 32 8 4 4 2 I CT14 AB63 128 256 128 2 128 0.5	CT08	AB29	16	4	2	0.25	2	0.25	CT14	AB61	256	512	128	2	128	0.5
	CT08	AB30	16	8	4	4	1	0.5	CT14	ABI3	128	256	128	2	128	0.5
CT08 AB48 32 4 2 0.5 I 0.25 CT14 AB14 256 256 64 I 128 0.25	CT08	AB55	32	8	4	4	2	1	CT14	AB63	128	256	128	2	128	0.5
	CT08	AB48	32	4	2	0.5	1	0.25	CT14	ABI4	256	256	64	1	128	0.25

Abbreviations: CT, clonal type; ST, single type; AK, amikacin; LVF, levofloxacin; CEF, cefepime; TIG, tigecycline; COL, colistin; MEM, meropenem.

With an analysis of MBEC and MIC values of these antibiotics, we found an increase of 2- to 16-fold higher MBEC values rather than MIC values for amikacin, 4- to 32-fold for cefepime, colistin and meropenem, 8- to 32-fold for levofloxacin and 8- to 64-fold for tigecycline. By Pearson correlation coefficients (PCC) analysis of the MIC and MBEC values of each antibiotic, a significant positive relationship (P < 0.001) was demonstrated between the MIC and MBEC values for all of these antibiotics (PCC = 0.686 for tigecycline, PCC = 0.853 for cefepime, PCC = 0.885 for meropenem, PCC = 0.928 for levofloxacin and PCC = 0.799 for amikacin P < 0.001) except to colistin (PCC = 0.138; P = 0.280)

# Distribution of the Genes Involved in Biofilm Formation and Efflux Pumps by PCR

The amplification of the genes encoding biofilm formation was performed by PCR. According to these results, all isolates (biofilm producers or no producers) harbored the *ompA* and *abaI* genes. Also, the majority of the isolates were positive for the amplification of *pgaA* gene (85.93%; 55 strains), followed by *csuE* gene (60.93%; 39 strains) and *bap* (48.43%; 31 strains). The presence of *csuE* gene was confirmed among all strong biofilm producers, 11 out of 13 intermediate producers, 3 out of 27 weak producers as well as 5 out of 9 no producers, while the *bap* and *pgaA* genes were detected only among biofilm producers. Moreover, the *pgaA* 

Amin et al Dovepress

Table 3 Biofilm-Forming Capacity (OD<sub>570),</sub> Composition of the biofilm Matrix and ERIC-PCR Type of Acinetobacter baumannii Strains

Туре	Strain	Capacity of Biofilm	Removed Biofilm			Туре	Strain	Capacity of Biofilm	Removed Biofilm			
		Formation	NaIO4	PK	DNAsel			Formation	NaIO4	PK	DNAsel	
СТ01	ABII	Weak	++	+	+	CT08	AB56	Strong	+++	+	_	
CT01	AB01	Weak	++	+	+	CT09	AB38	Weak	++	-	++	
CT01	AB02	Weak	++	+	+	CT09	AB35	Weak	++	-	++	
CT02	ABI9	Strong	+++	+	_	CT09	AB36	Weak	++	-	++	
CT02	AB20	Strong	+++	+	_	CTI0	AB37	Intermediate	+++	+	_	
CT02	AB62	Strong	+++	+	_	CTI0	AB34	Intermediate	+++	+	_	
CT03	AB03	Weak	+++	_	_	CTI0	AB39	Intermediate	+++	+	_	
CT03	AB04	Weak	+++	_	_	CTI0	AB40	Intermediate	+++	+	_	
CT03	AB42	Weak	+++	_	_	CTI0	ABI0	Intermediate	+++	+	_	
CT03	AB41	Weak	+++	_	_	CTI0	AB09	Intermediate	+++	+	_	
CT03	AB08	Weak	+++	_	_	СТІІ	AB43	Weak	++	+	+	
ST01	AB15	None	_	_	_	СТІІ	AB44	Weak	++	+	+	
CT04	AB64	Strong	++	+	+	СТІІ	AB45	Weak	++	+	+	
CT04	ABI2	Strong	++	+	+	СТІІ	AB47	Weak	++	+	+	
ST02	ABI6	None	_	_	_	СТІІ	AB46	Weak	++	+	+	
ST03	AB18	None	_	_	_	СТІІ	AB32	Weak	++	+	+	
CT05	ABI7	Weak	+++	+	_	СТІІ	AB49	Weak	++	+	+	
CT05	AB05	Weak	+++	+	_	CTII	AB31	Weak	++	+	+	
CT05	AB06	Weak	+++	+	_	ST07	AB51	Weak	+++	_	+	
ST04	AB07	Weak	+++	_	+	ST08	AB52	Strong	++	+	+	
CT06	AB21	Strong	++	++	_	CT12	AB54	None	_	_	_	
CT06	AB22	Strong	++	++	_	CT12	AB53	None	_	_	_	
ST05	AB28	None	_	_	_	CT13	AB50	Intermediate	++	++	_	
CT07	AB24	Weak	++	++	_	CT13	AB33	Intermediate	++	++	_	
CT07	AB25	Weak	++	++	_	ST09	AB57	Strong	+	++	+	
CT07	AB26	Weak	++	++	_	ST10	AB58	None	_	_	_	
ST06	AB23	None	_	_	_	STII	AB59	None	_	_	_	
CT08	AB27	Strong	+++	+	-	CT14	AB60	Intermediate	+++	_	+	
CT08	AB29	Strong	+++	+	-	CT14	AB61	Intermediate	+++	_	+	
CT08	AB30	Strong	+++	+	-	CT14	AB13	Intermediate	+++	_	+	
CT08	AB55	Strong	+++	+	-	CT14	AB63	Intermediate	+++	_	+	
CT08	AB48	Strong	+++	+	-	CTI4	ABI4	Intermediate	+++	–	+	

**Abbreviations:** CT, clonal type; ST, single type; NalO4, sodium metaperiodate; PK, proteinase K; + = 30%; + + = 30-70% and + + + = 20%.

Table 4 Association Between the Biofilm-Forming Capacities and Antibiotic Resistance

Antibiotic Agents	Optical Density 570	r <sub>s</sub>	P value		
	Susceptible Moderate R				
Amikacin	0.950(0.917–0.984)	0.687(0.051-0.974)	0.206(0.047–0.864)	-0.708	<0.001
Meropenem	0.748(0.741–0.755)	0.728 (0.051–0.984)	0.181(0.047–0.302)	-0.664	<0.001
Levofloxacin	0.809(0.630-0.954)	0.298(0.047-0.984)	0.192(0.051-0.874)	-0.258	<0.001
Tigecycline	0.458(0.047-0.954)	0.265(0.054-0.284)	0.141(0.114-0.164)	-0.479	<0.001
Cefepime	0.563(0.051-0.984)	0.219(0.054–0.864)	0.166 (0.047–0.287)	-0.406	0.001
Colistin	0.312(0.047–0.984)	_	_	-0.030	0.813

gene were recognized only among biofilm producers (55 strains), while the presence of bap gene was confirmed among all strong biofilm producers, 10 out of 13 intermediate

producers and 6 out of 27 weak producers. Table 5 shows the association between the biofilm formation capacity, the clonal types and gene profiles. According to these results, all

Table 5 Association Between the Biofilm Formation	Capacity, the Clonal Types and Gene Profiles
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Capacity of Biofilm Formation	Gene Profile	ERIC-PCR Type	Frequency (%)
Strong	Bap, CsuE, OmpA, pgaA, abal	CT02, CT04, CT06 CT08,ST08, ST09	15 (23.43)
Moderate	CsuE,OmpA, pgaA, abal	CT14,CT10	3 (4.6)
	Bap, OmpA, pgaA, abal	CT14	2 (3.1)
	Bap, CsuE, OmpA, pgaA, abal	CT13, CT14, CT10	8 (12.5)
Weak	OmpA, pgaA, abal	CT01, CT03, CT11,ST04, ST07	18 (28.12)
	CsuE, OmpA, pgaA, abal	CT05	3 (4.6)
	Bap,OmpA, pgaA, abal	CT07, CT09	6 (9.37)
None	OmpA, abal	ST01,ST02, ST05,ST10	4 (6.25)
	CsuE,OmpA, abal	CT12,ST11, ST06,ST03	5 (7.8)

biofilm strong producers had the gene profile of *bap*, *csuE*, *ompA*, *pgaA*,and *abaI*. Also, almost all of the strains belonging to a clonal type had similar gene profiles; however, the strains belonging to each one of the clonal types of CT10 and CT14 had several gene profiles, as described in Table 5.

On the other hand, the *adeB*, *adeJ* and *adeG* genes were detected among 92.18% (n=59), 98.43% (n=63) and 89.06% (n=57) of strains, respectively.

# Expression Levels of the Genes Involved in Biofilm Formation and Efflux Pumps by Real-Time PCR

To determine the expression levels of the genes involved in biofilm formation and efflux pumps, we analyzed the rate of expression of each one of the genes involved in biofilm formation in 64 *A. baumannii* strains as compared to those in *A. baumannii* ATCC19606 strain by real-time PCR. Table 6 shows the expression means of the genes involved in biofilm formation with regard to the biofilm formation capacity. According to these results, the expression means of all of these genes were significantly higher among strong biofilm producers than moderate or weak producers (p<0.01).

As mentioned above, the *ompA* and *abaI* genes were detected among all isolates; however, the expression level means of these two genes were less among biofilm no-

producers than biofilm producers (Table 6). Overall, there was a significant difference between the expression levels of all of the genes involved in biofilm formation and the biofilm formation capacity (p<0.01).

The expression levels of mRNA of the *adeB*, *adeJ* and *adeG* genes with regard to non-susceptible to antibiotics are described in Table 7. According to the results, the increased levels of *adeB* gene compared to that of *A. baumannii* ATCC 19606 were observed among 32 (50%) isolates ranged from 1.62- to 85.63-fold. The increased level of *adeB* was obvious among 23 (43.4%), 20 (44.4%), 25 (46.3%), 23 (60.5%) and 25 (50%) isolates of non-susceptible to amikacin, cefepime, levofloxacin, tigecycline and meropenem, respectively, while the level of *adeB* enhanced among 9 (81.8%), 12 (63.2%), 7 (70%), 9 (34.6%) and 7 (50%) isolates of susceptible to amikacin, cefepime, levofloxacin, tigecycline and meropenem, respectively.

The increased levels of *adeJ* gene compared to that of *A. baumannii* ATCC 19606 were observed among 16 (25%) isolates ranged from 1.5- to 1.96-fold. The increased level of *adeB* was obvious among 15 (28.3%), 14 (10.5%), 16 (26.6%), 7 (18.4%) and 15 (30%) isolates of non-susceptible to amikacin, cefepime, levofloxacin, tigecycline and meropenem, respectively, while the level of *adeB* enhanced among 1 (9.1%), 2 (31.1%), 0.9 (34.6%) and 1 (7.1%) isolates of

Table 6 Association Between the Expression Levels of Genes Involved in Biofilm Formation and the biofilm formation Capacity

Capacity of Biofilm Formation	bap	отрА	pgaA	abal	csuE
Weak	0.65(0.54–0.75)	0.60(0.41-0.95)	0.71(0.54-0.91)	0.71 (0.62–0.85)	2.58(1.65–3.65)
Intermediate	1.91(1.43-2.41)	1.02(0.84–1.56)	1.18(0.82-1.95)	1.29(0.84–1.64)	0.72(0.54–0.95)
Strong	4.73 (2.65–6.31)	3.87(2.11–5.32)	3.87(2.65-4.62)	4.03(2.23–7.14)	4.41(2.92–7.45)
No biofilm	0	0.59(0.41-0.84)	0	0.50(0.45-0.63)	1.97(1.52–2.23)
P value	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01

Table 7 Expression Levels of mRNA of the adeB, adeJ and adeG Genes with Regard to Non-Susceptible to Antibiotics

Antibiotic	Group	MIC (μg/mL)	Gene Expression of					
			adeB	adeJ	adeG			
Cefepime	Susceptible (n=19)	≤8	<1; n=3 1.31-9.47; n=10 10.22-85.63; n=6	<1; n=8 1.37–1.85; n=11	<1; n=9 1.39–4.65; n=3 10.1–69.35; n=5			
	Non-susceptible (n=45)	16–128	<1; n=3 1.16-6.41; n=15 15.97-52.15; n=5	<1; n=11 1.23–1.96; n=12	<1; n=9 1.23–8.65; n=10 12.32–41.32; n=4			
		≥256	<1; n=5 1.14–8.47; n=17	<1; n=10 1.23–1.89; n=12	<1; n=6 1.56–8.45; n=9 12.36–75.21; n=7			
Amikacin	Susceptible (n=11)	≤16	<1; n=1 1.45–9.74; n=5 10.22–85.63; n=5	<1; n=3 1.37–1.85; n=8	<1; n=6 2.35–4.45; n=2 12.5–69.35; n=3			
	Non-susceptible (n=53)	32–128	<1; n=5 1.16-6.41; n=16 18.64-52.15; n=3	<1; n=11 1.23–1.89; n=13	<1; n=8 1.32–8.65; n=13 12.59–41.32;n=3			
		≥256	<1; n=5 1.14–8.47; n=22 15.97–30.41; n=2	<1; n=15 1.23–1.95; n=14	<1; n=12 1.23-3.76; n=7 10.1-75.21;n=10			
Tigecycline	Susceptible (n=26)	≤2	<1; n=5 1.14–9.47; n=16 19.84–85.63; n=5	<1; n=7 1.23–1.89; n=19	<1; n=12 1.32–8.65; n=10 12.25–69.34; n=4			
	Non-susceptible (n=38)	4–32	<1; n=6 1.14–8.74; n=26 10.22–37.14; n=6	<1; n=22 1.23–1.96; n=16	<1; n=14 1.23-8.45; n=12 10.1-75.21; n=12			
Meropenem	Susceptible (n=14)	≤2	<1; n=3 1.14–9.47; n=6 34.14–85.63; n=5	<1; n=5 1.23–1.69; n=9	<1; n=8 1.39–8.69; n=3 12.25–69.35; n=3			
	Non-susceptible (n=50)	4–64	<1; n=2 1.45-6.41; n=8 10.22-19.84; n=2	<1; n=7 1.5–1.86; n=5	<1; n=3 1.56–4.65; n=7 10.1–12.95; n=2			
		128-1024	<1; n=6 1.14–8.74; n=28 15.97–37.14; n=4	<1; n=17 1.23–1.96; n=23	<1; n=15 1.23-8.45; n=12 10.65-75.21; n=11			
Levofloxacin	Susceptible (n=10)	≤2	<1; n=1 1.16–9.47; n=4 10.22–85.63; n=5	<1; n=3 1.23–1.52; n=7	<1; n=3 2.36–8.65; n=4 12.25–69.35; n=3			
	Non-susceptible (n=54)	4–32	<1; n=2 1.16-6.41; n=22 15.97-37.14; n=5	<1; n=18 1.23–1.96; n=11	<1; n=14 1.23-4.56; n=6 10.1-75.21; n=9			
		64–512	<1; n=8 1.14–8.47; n=14 19.84; n=1	<1; n=8 1.25–1.89; n=17	<1; n=9 1.23-8.45; n=12 12.25-51.23; n=4			

susceptible to amikacin, cefepime, levofloxacin, tigecycline and meropenem, respectively.

The increased levels of adeG gene compared to that of A. baumannii ATCC 19606 were observed among 32 (50%) isolates ranged from 1.56- to 75.21-fold. The increased level of adeB was obvious among 27 (50.9%), 25 (55.6%), 25 (46.3%), 20 (52.8%) and 27 (54%) isolates of nonsusceptible to amikacin, cefepime, levofloxacin, tigecycline and meropenem, respectively, while the level of adeB enhanced among 5 (45.5%), 7 (36.8%), 7 (70%), 12 (46.2%) and 5 (35.7%) isolates of susceptible to amikacin, cefepime, levofloxacin, tigecycline and meropenem, respectively.

Statistical analysis revealed the significant association between the increased level of adeB gene and nonsusceptibility to amikacin (p=0.043). However, no statistically significant association was found between overexpression of adeB, adeJ or adeG gene and non-susceptibility to other antibiotics.

The expression levels of mRNA of the adeB, adeJ and adeG genes with regard to the capacity of biofilm formation are described in Table 8. According to the results, the increased levels of adeB gene compared to that of A. baumannii ATCC 19606 were indicated among 4 (44.4%), 15 (55.8%), 3 (23.1%), and 10 (66.7%) isolates of non-biofilm producers, weak, intermediate, and strong producers, respectively. The increased levels of adeG gene compared to that of A. baumannii ATCC 19606 were indicated among 4 (44.4%), 15 (55.8%), 6 (46.2%), and 7 (46.7%) isolates of non-biofilm producers,

intermediated, and strong producers, respectively. The increased levels of adeJ gene compared to that of A. baumannii ATCC 19606 were indicated among 5 (55.6%), 5 (18.5%), 6 (46.2%), and 7 (46.7%) isolates of non-biofilm producers, weak, and intermediate producers, respectively, while the level of adeB enhanced among 22 (81.5%) weak producers and all strong producers.

Statistical analysis showed the significant association between the increased level of adeJ gene and the capacity of biofilm formation (p=0.004). However, no statistically significant association was found between overexpression of adeB or adeG gene and the capacity of biofilm formation.

#### Discussion

A. baumannii as one of the main causes of burn infections is responsible for an extensive range of serious infections.<sup>25</sup> The up-regulation of innate resistance mechanisms such as overexpression of efflux pumps and the acquisition of foreign genetic determinants such as plasmids is critical characteristics for the survival of A. baumannii during environmental pressures such as hospital environments.<sup>26</sup> The growing global emergence of A. baumannii strains resistant to all β-lactam agents, highlights the potential of this microorganism to adapt rapidly to selective environmental stresses. MDR A. baumannii is recognized to be among the most difficult antibiotic-resistant gram-negative bacilli to control and treat.<sup>27</sup>

The results of our study showed that 56.25% of A. baumannii isolates were MDR. The high prevalence of MDR A. baumannii isolates was also reported from some

Table 8 Expression Levels of mRNA of the adeB, adel and adeG Genes with Regard to Capacity of Biofilm Formation

Capacity of Biofilm Formation (Number)	Gene Expression Level								
	adeb	(Number)	adeJ	(Number)	adeG	(Number)			
Non-biofilm (n=9)	I<; I.32–6.34; 37.34;	n=1 n=7 n=1	I<; I.65–I.96;	n=4 n=5	I<; 2.58–I5.63;	n=5 n=4			
Weak (n=27)	I<; I.32–6.34; 37.34;	n=5 n=20 n=2	I<; I.32–I.85;	n=16 n=11	I<; I.32–8.45; I2.36–75.2I;	n=8 n=10 n=9			
Intermediate (n=13)	I<; I.I4-2.64; I8.64;	n=3 n=9 n=1	I<; I.39–I.89;	n=3 n=10	I<; I.32–3.78; I5.69;	n=5 n=7 n=1			
Strong (n=15)	I<; I.16–9.47; I0.22–85.63;	n=2 n=6 n=7	I<; I.23–I.58;	n=6 n=9	I<; 2.36–8.45; 12.25–69.35;	n=8 n=4 n=3			
P value	0.298	•	0.004		0.899				

studies in Iran and other countries.<sup>28–33</sup> The multidrug antibiotic resistance can decrease the efficacy of the common antibiotics used in the clinical setting especially in the infections caused by carbapenem-resistant strains. During the recent two decades, the carbapenems have recommended as the first-line antibiotics for the treatment of *A. baumannii* infections. However, unfortunately, increasing resistance to carbapenems has been reported worldwide among *A. baumannii* strains.<sup>26</sup> In our study, the antibiotic susceptibility test results showed that the majority of these isolates were resistant to meropenem (75%). In agreement with ours, the high rates of carbapenem-resistant *A. baumannii* isolates were reported from other studies.<sup>28–33</sup>

Also, our results showed that the antibiotic resistance rates to amikacin, cefepime and levofloxacin among MDR *A. baumannii* strains were more than 50%. In similar to our work, Mirnejad et al,<sup>34</sup> Huang et al<sup>35</sup> and Taherikalani et al<sup>36</sup> also, reported the high prevalence of the resistance to these antibiotic agents among *A. baumannii* isolates.

Tigecycline and colistin are the only treatment options for infections caused by extensively drug resistant (XDR) or MDR *A. baumannii*.<sup>27</sup> However, these two antibiotics have some undesirable side effects, such as nephrotoxicity and neurotoxicity. Nevertheless, carbapenems together with tigecycline or colistin are recommended as the best therapeutic approaches for the treatment of MDR *A. baumannii* infections. Moreover, these combination therapies are efficacious and have lower toxicity than monotherapy with tigecycline or colistin.<sup>37</sup>

The antibiotic susceptibility test results showed that the majority of *A. baumannii* isolates were susceptible to tigecycline and all isolates were sensitive to colistin which are in agreement with other reports obtained from previous studies in Iran and other countries.<sup>38–41</sup> Hence, these results suggest that tigecycline and colistin are still the most effective antibiotic agents against MDR *A. baumannii* strains.

The biofilm matrix can considerably protect bacteria from both the immune system cells and antibiotic agents. <sup>42</sup> In our study, most *A. baumannii* strains had the ability of biofilm production but with different capacities. As mentioned above, we found a significant inverse relationship between the capacity of biofilm formation and resistance to all antibiotic agents except to colistin (p<0.001), i.e. the biofilm density in sensitive strains was more than biofilm density in resistant strains. In consistent with our study, some researchers also<sup>21,43,44</sup> demonstrated that the sensitive strains tended to produce stronger biofilms than the resistant strains whereas some others <sup>45,46</sup> showed that MDR strains had more capability for the biofilm

production than sensitive strains. It seems that the biofilm formation acts as a mechanism for bacteria to get a better survival when they are exposed to antibiotic agents, especially in the strains which their antibiotic resistance levels are not high enough. The molecular mechanisms govern on this process are not clear yet; however, Gallant et al showed that the expression of the β-lactamase gene  $bla_{TEM-1}$  in a clinical strain of P. aeruginosa inhibited the biofilm formation by distributing cell wall; indicating a genetic association between the biofilm formation and antibiotic resistance. Nevertheless, the exploration of the genetic links between biofilm formation and antibiotic resistance mechanisms than  $bla_{TEM-1}$  is required to fully elucidate the possible causes involved in this process.

The biofilm cells exhibit dramatically decreased susceptibility to antibiotic agents; hence, they have great significance for public health. In this present study, the MIC and MBEC values of antibiotic agents were determined using broth microdilution method. As expected, we found a significant increase in MBECs as compared to MICs for all of the antibiotic agents. These findings are also consistent with the findings of Li et al<sup>21</sup> indicating biofilm cells exhibit enhanced antibiotic resistance as compared to planktonic cells. The enhancement of biofilmspecific resistance can be explained by several factors, including the exopolysaccharide matrix of biofilm, different growth rates and nutrient gradients within the biofilm, mutational resistance, the up-regulation of efflux pumps, persister phenomenon and intrinsic characteristics of bacteria cells in biofilm mode. 10,48 Moreover, the persister cells as the dormant variants within bacterial biofilms have more tolerant to most antibiotics than planktonic bacteria that may cause a relapse of infection.<sup>48</sup>

Bacteria molecular typing is nowadays an integral part of the public health microbiology researches that is able to differentiate epidemiological relates from unrelated isolates belonging to a same bacterial species. Molecular typing is used to elucidate the source and route of transmission of microorganisms causing outbreaks of infectious diseases, the bacterial population structures and microbial genetic diversity in different environments. A variety of typing methods have been developed to classify and compare the genetic relatedness of bacterial isolates in epidemiological investigations<sup>49</sup> among which, ERIC-PCR is a plausible, easy and fast strategy that does not require the specialized equipment and reagents.<sup>50</sup> Our results showed that strains belonging to a clonal type had similar properties such as the composition of biofilm matrix, antibiotic resistance and gene

profile, indicating the importance of molecular typing methods such as ERIC-PCR for the identification of clonal types of A.baumannii in infectious diseases.

In A. baumannii, the genes encoding ompA, bap, pgaA, csuE and abaI are known to be the key factors in the biofilm formation. Our results revealed that the gene profile of bap, csuE, ompA, pgaA, abaI was presented in all biofilm strong producers and some moderate producers. Also, the gene pattern of csuE, ompA, pgaA, abaI was found in some biofilm weak producers and some moderate producers. These findings suggest that in addition to the presence of these genes, their expression levels also play the important role in the determination of the capacity of biofilm formation. On the other hand, some genes involved in the biofilm formation were detected in non-biofilm forming strains; however, the expression levels of these genes were higher in biofilm producers as compared with non-producers, which is in agreement with Wang et al14 findings. Moreover, they indicated the higher expression levels of the Bap1, AbaI and Csu A/B genes in the biofilm-forming strains compared to the matched non-biofilm-forming strains.

The importance of efflux-mediated resistance in the development of resistance to several classes of antibiotics is indicated in several reports.<sup>51–54</sup> Our results indicated that the role of RND-type efflux pump of AdeABC in conferring to amikacin, as showed in the studies conducted by Magnet et al<sup>55</sup> and Marchand<sup>56</sup> et al who indicated the adeB mutants had more susceptibility (8 to 32-fold) to aminoglycoside agents than their parent strains; however, the expression level of AdeABC efflux pump was not measured in their studies. In this present study, no statistically significant association was found between overexpression of adeB, adeJ or adeG gene and nonsusceptibility to other antibiotics. However, in contrast with our findings, some researchers revealed the high expression of the AdeABC efflux pump is closely associated with meropenem and tigecycline resistance, 57-59 suggesting still more researches are needful for elucidating the association between the AdeABC efflux pump and resistance to meropenem and tigecycline.

On the other hand, the efflux pumps especially the resistance-nodulation-cell division (RND) family confer low-level multidrug resistance and have several roles during the process of biofilm formation in A. baumannii. Moreover, these pumps have extruded actively the autoinducers associated with quorum sensing, and harmful molecules such as antibiotics and metabolic intermediates.<sup>24</sup> In this present study, there was a significant association between the overexpression of adeJ and the capacity of biofilm formation, so that all strong biofilm producers and 81.5% of intermediate producers showed the overexpression of the adeJ. However, similar to our study, no research has not showed the association between the expression of efflux pumps and the capacity of biofilm formation.

#### Conclusion

In this study, the frequencies of genes involved in biofilm formation were high. There was a significant inverse relationship between resistance to antibiotic agents and biofilm formation. Also, a significant increase in MBECs was showed as compared to their respective MICs. The genes involved in the biofilm formation were detected in both biofilm-forming and non-biofilm-forming strains; however, their expression levels were higher in biofilm producers as compared with non-producers.

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#### Disclosure

The authors report no conflicts of interest in this work.

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